

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

Acting Editor: R. K. Prabhu

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CONGRESS OVERRIDES TRUMAN'S VETO

Tax Reduction Bill Gets Through Both Chambers

Representatives Pass Foreign Aid Programme

WASHINGTON, April 2. (Reuter): Despite President Truman's contention that the 4,800,000 dollar Tax Reduction Bill was "not compatible with the requirements of the critical international situation, the House of Representatives tonight overrode the Presidential veto and passed the measure back to the senate where similar action is expected.

It will then become the law of the land, despite the President's veto.

The final vote was 311 to 88—thus getting the two-thirds vote required to override the veto.

Returning the Bill which had earlier passed both Houses of Congress, Mr. Truman said it would lead to a deficit in Government finances when the U.S. needed a substantial surplus "to be reasonably prepared against contingencies."

"This Bill would undermine the soundness of our Government finances at a time when world peace depends upon the strength of the United States."

The measure would also gamble with the danger of further inflation by adding thousands of millions of dollars of purchasing power at a time when demand already exceeds supply, he said.

REPRESENTATIVES PASS MARSHALL AID BILL

The House of Representatives today passed the 6,098,000,000 dollar foreign aid programme.

This, the compromise plan worked out last night by the joint Senate-House Conference of Foreign Affairs Experts, includes:

5,300,000,000 dollars for one year for Europe, 275,000,000 dollars military aid to Greece and Turkey, 453,000,000 dollars economic and military aid to China and 60,000,000 dollars for the United Nations Fund for Children.

The House vote was 317 to 75.

Senate passage of the measure is expected before nightfall. It will then go to President Truman for signature. White House action, it is expected, will be swift.

SENATE FOLLOWS SUIT

The United States Congress today enacted into law over a Presidential veto a 4,800,000,000 dollar Income Tax Reduction for America's 52,000,000 taxpayers.

The passage of the Bill making the tax cut effective from last January was clinched when the Senate rolled up the better than two-thirds majority required to kill the President's veto.

Before the Senate acted, the House of Representatives had voted 311 to 88 to override President Truman's veto earlier in the day by 45 votes to spare.

With both Chambers providing the necessary margins, the Republican-sponsored Bill thus became law immediately the Senate vote was announced.

C. I. STATES UNION MOVE

INDORE, April 2. (A.P.I.): Mr. V. P. Menon, Secretary to India's States Ministry, the Maharaja of Indore and Mr. Venkatchari, Regional Commissioner for the Central India States, arrived here by air this afternoon from Gwalior, where preliminary talks with regard to the formation of a Union of Central India States were held.

Mr. Menon, will continue his talks during a two-day stay here as the guest of the Maharaja, and is also expected to meet popular leaders.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MAY.
NEW YORK, April 2.
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Today's Opening 35.78
Difference +21
Today's Closing 35.71
Difference +14

LAST QUOTATIONS, BOMBAY, April 2.
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Cotton Janila May 630 0
Silver Bullion Forward 170 8
Silver Chamber Forward 171 8
Gold Forward 112 8

Radhakrishnan As Education Minister?

LONDON, April 2 (UPI)—It is being widely talked here that in the expected reshuffling of the India Cabinet, Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan might hold the Education portfolio. Prior to his leaving for India a fortnight ago, Dr. Radhakrishnan was unable to say when he would return to resume his lectures in Oxford. He had, however, intimated, it is learnt, to a few close friends that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had sent for him and it all depended on what they had to discuss.

GILDER TO SUCCEED BHABHA?

NEW DELHI, April 2: With the resignation of Mr. Govindji H. Bhabha, the resignation in lobby circles tends to reflect on the possible resignation of three more Ministers from the Union Cabinet, reports Indian Press Association lobby correspondent.

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Bombay Health Minister, is mentioned as the successor to Mr. Bhabha. Another name in this connection is that of Mr. Rustom K. Sidwa, from Karachi, who is at present a member of the Constituent Assembly.

BIHAR CABINET TO BE RESHUFFLED?

PATNA, April 2. (I. P. A.): Dr. Syed Mahmud, Development Minister of Bihar, who made a surprising statement of leaving the Cabinet last week on the floor of the Constituent Assembly, has stated that Dr. Mahmud has been assigned a foreign job by the Government of India.

Eventually, Bihar Ministry will be reshuffled, Mr. Badrinath Verma, Education Minister, is likely to leave the Cabinet along with Dr. Mahmud.

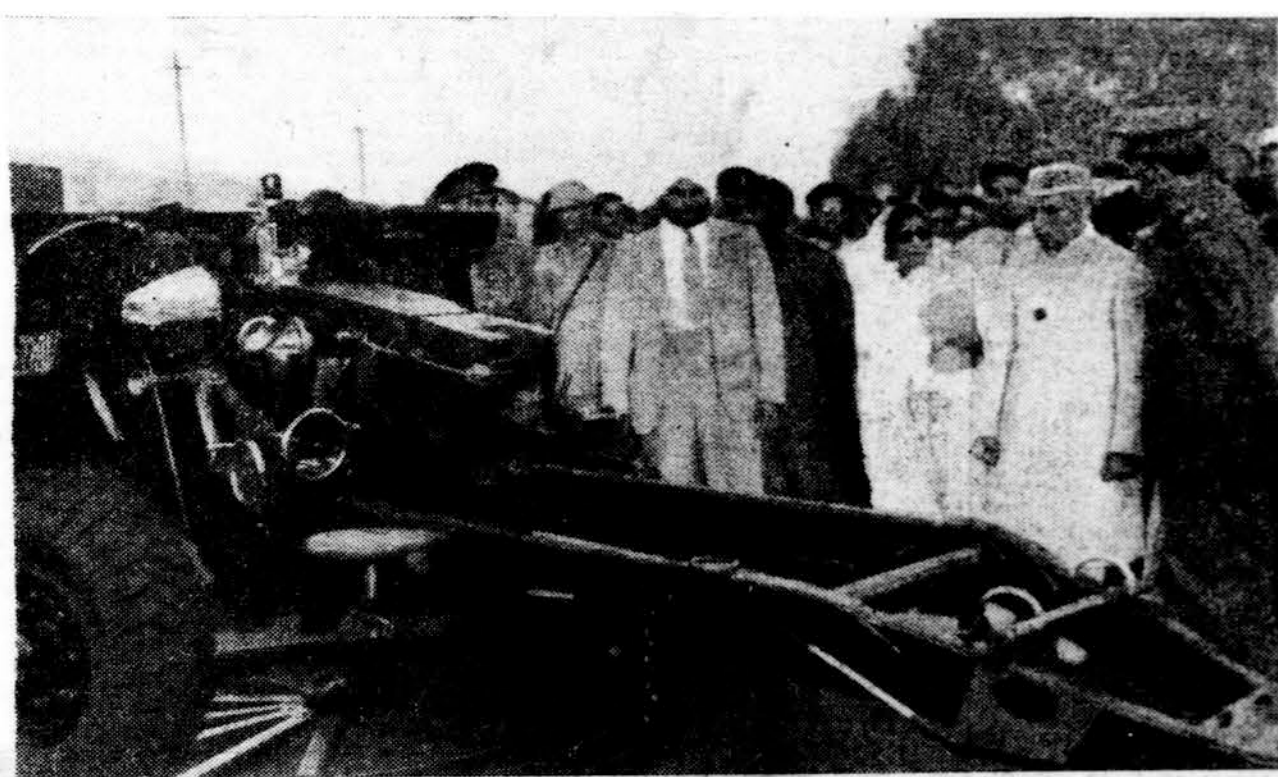
Similar incidents involving American aircraft have also been reported. The first three British army controlled buses to be used as emergency transport left Berlin for the British border this morning with 75 passengers on board. American planes landed on the airfield in the United States sector of Berlin every 15 minutes and more planes were expected to be put into service tomorrow.

NO INTENTION TO QUIT BERLIN
British and French Government spokesmen in London and Paris affirmed that their countries had no intention of withdrawing from Berlin. A French Government spokesman, speaking after a Cabinet meeting this morning declared that his Government "has not the slightest intention of allowing its troops and their command to leave Berlin and could not contemplate such a withdrawal."

A British Foreign Office spokesman declared that as long as there is Four Power control over Germany the question of the departure of the British authorities from Berlin will not even be considered.

ATTLEE UNRUFFLED
Reports on the dispute here were rushed by despatch rider from London to Prime Minister Clement Attlee at his official residence at Chequers 50 miles from London, where he was spending the weekend. Mr. Attlee decided that an emergency Cabinet meeting was not necessary.

COMMUNISTS ARRESTED
BOMBAY, Friday.
According to inquiries in local Communist Circles, arrests of Communist workers have taken place in Dohad, Ratlam and Dhulia.



Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister opened an Armed Forces Exhibition in New Delhi on last Wednesday. He is seen here at one of the exhibits.

Soviet Fighters Dive At Br Planes On Way To Berlin

INCIDENTS MULTIPLY IN GERMAN CAPITAL

Food Flown In For Americans: France Also Suspends All Military Trains

BERLIN, April 2. (Reuter): Berlin was today cut off by rail from the West—except for freight traffic—when France joined Britain and the United States in suspending all military train services to the German capital across the intervening Soviet zone.

RUSSIANS TO CONTROL AIR TRAFFIC TOO?

As planes carried passengers over the "blockade" caused by the Western Powers' refusal to submit to new Soviet control orders—sources close to Soviet officials forecast a Russian attempt to control air traffic as well. British official quarters here reaffirmed their allegations that Soviet fighters "dived at and circled British planes coming through to Berlin on more than one occasion recently."

When protests have been made to the Russians, the incidents have been denied. A British spokesman said, "Similar incidents involving American aircraft have also been reported. The first three British army controlled buses to be used as emergency transport left Berlin for the British border this morning with 75 passengers on board. American planes landed on the airfield in the United States sector of Berlin every 15 minutes and more planes were expected to be put into service tomorrow."

RUSSIANS TO FOLLOW BERLIN TACTICS IN VIENNA?
WASHINGTON, April 2 (U.P.A.): The Russian efforts to freeze the Western Powers out of Berlin may be followed soon by similar Soviet moves in Vienna, according to Government officials here today. They said the Soviets aim to embarrass the United States and other Western Powers. The Soviets hope to hurt American prestige in an effort to influence the April election in Italy, the officials said. The officials pointed out that Vienna was the only other city under Four-Power control and may well become the scene of another Russian provoked crisis. Like Berlin, it is encircled by Soviet-occupied territory.

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today, British and German officials confirmed that the latest Soviet control measures had in no way affected goods train traffic with the Eastern Zone, which was proceeding normally. Coal trains from the Ruhr arrived on schedule without being diverted.

The four Deputy Commanders, of Berlin met this morning for their normal weekly conference, and the meeting was later reported to be proceeding "quite normally." The question of new control measures was not on the agenda.

DAMPER FOR BLACK MARKETEERS AND SMUGGLERS
The Soviet-licensed Berlin paper "Neues Deutschland" today declared that the new Soviet travel regulations which have produced tension in Berlin between the occupying powers only served to protect the capital from looting by black marketeers and smugglers.

REPORTS ON BR WOMEN & CHILDREN
Reports that planes were standing (Continued on Page 1.)

RUSSIA HAS ATOMIC BOMB

PRAGUE, April 2 (U.P.A.): Ryman Levy, Professor of Mathematics at the London University, told Socialist scientists here today that he was "convinced" Russia has atomic bombs.

CHIANG'S NEW STRATEGY

Govt. Troops Leave Ports Of Weihaiwei And Lungkow

NANKING, April 2. (Reuter): Chinese Government troops have left the ports of Weihaiwei, Lungkow and Fengai on the north coast of the Amantung Peninsula in Shantung and sailed for Chefoo, pro-Government dispatches said. This was stated to be in accordance with the Government's new strategy requiring concentration of troops at key centres.

Liuking Island just outside Weihaiwei and Changan Island are still occupied. In north Shensi the Government southward drive advanced twenty miles in 24 hours. Government columns took the Communist-held city of Kanchuan without meeting strong resistance and continues their push towards the besieged city of Lochuang, forty miles to the south the dispatches said.

Communist troops were said to be deploying north of Lochuang to meet the advance.

Skirmishes broke out to-day in several sectors of Hopei province west of the Peiping-Hankow Railway as the Communist General Nien Yungchen continued to deploy his forces for an offensive.

Peiping was expecting the return from Kalgan of the victorious general Fu Tsoyi, north China Commander-in-Chief to meet this new challenge of General Nien whose inner Mongolian drive he crushed last week in a series of vigorous counterblows.

ELECTING CHINA'S PRESIDENT
NANKING, April 2 (U.P.A.): National Assembly delegates to-day finally ended four days of a frequently tumultuous debate over the question of electing a president by adopting a compromise voting procedure which is expected to be carried out tomorrow. The president now has been enlarged to 85 members as a result of a decision by the Legislative Yuan last night.

The compromise provision which was made at the last minute by Chairman Paul Yupin calls for the nomination of one delegate from each province and vocational group plus one candidate for each ten members of the Assembly. There are expected to be about 60 candidates in the former class and 216 in the latter.

Each delegate will vote for only one presidential candidate in a secret ballot.

Wage Boards To Study Standardisation

RATIONALISATION OF EACH INDUSTRY SOUGHT

Bombay Assembly Takes Up Bill To Amend Industrial Relations Act

BOMBAY, Friday.
Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, introduced in the Legislative Assembly today a Bill to amend the Bombay Industrial Relations Act providing for the establishment of Wage Boards for each industry and compelling employers to set up Joint (employer-employee) Committees.

The measure seeks to give more breathing space to the overworked Industrial Court as general questions such as standardisation of wages and rationalisation will be studied by the Wage Boards. The Minister held out a bright future for them.

S. S. L. C. BOARD

Under the provisions of another Bill moved by the Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, earlier today, it is sought to set up in Bombay province a Secondary School Certificate Examination Board consisting of representatives of Government, the Universities and Secondary Schools, charged with the work of conducting a common examination at the end of the secondary course on the lines of the present School Leaving Certificate Examination. This Bill was referred to a Select Committee with instructions, to report by June next.

The five-hour-long discussions on the two measures proved dull and colourless. Spectators in the public galleries who expected stimulating duels between Government spokesmen and Mr. B. A. Dange sat listlessly, for quite obvious reasons.

Mr. Kher moving the first reading of the Bill for the establishment of Secondary School Certificate Examination Board in the Province of Bombay, observed that one of the major defects in the present system of secondary education in the province was the narrowness of the curriculum.

Mr. Kher moving the first reading of the Bill for the establishment of Secondary School Certificate Examination Board in the Province of Bombay, observed that one of the major defects in the present system of secondary education in the province was the narrowness of the curriculum.

Mr. Kher said that the suggestions made by members would be considered by the Select Committee.

REQUISITION OF LANDS

Mr. Dattatraya N. Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, replying to the Bill providing for the requisition of land for housing purposes, made it clear that business premises would also come under the purview of the legislation. The transfer of furniture and stocks-in-trade at fabulous sums was also sought to be checked.

Referring to Mr. Dange's suggestion for requisitioning capital, the Minister said that the Provincial Government had no power to confiscate private capital. He believed that for the success of Government's house building programme, reasonable profit should be allowed as an incentive to landlords to invest capital in this field.

Mr. Desai said that Government could requisition under this law even palaces provided they lay vacant for six months. But he said that the construction of palaces was such that Government would not be able to allocate apartments to middle-class families to suit their requirements.

The Bill amending the Bombay Entertainment Tax Act seeking to limit the number of complimentary tickets issued in cinema theatres as would be decided by Government, was also passed by the Assembly.

NOT A CONTENTIOUS MEASURE

Moving the first reading of the Bill to amend the Industrial Relations Act, the Labour Minister, Mr. Nanda, said it was not a contentious measure. The Textile Labour Enquiry Committee was keen on the establishment of Wage Boards but what had immediately necessitated the Bill was the Industrial Tribunal, created in the capital, which required the establishment of a machinery for deciding fair wages and fair profits. The Labour Courts and the Industrial Court had tackled the complex questions of wage settlement but they were not found adequate for the purpose. Wage disputes from all over the province poured into the Industrial Court in large numbers, causing inevitable delay.

Government, therefore, felt that it would be useful if specialised bodies were set up to study wage questions. Mr. Nanda said he looked forward to a "welcome" remark and hoped the amending legislation before the House would remove the congestions and delays in the Industrial Court.

Characterising the Bill as one mainly full of "verbal changes," Mr. J. H. Shamsuddin urged the Labour Minister to bring a Bill or Bills to enable him to remove the root causes of industrial strife at one stroke. Referring to the provision in the Bill for Joint Committees he said, "There will be no Joint Committees and if they come into existence they will be empty."

ARRESTS OF COMMUNISTS

See Page

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE
(Under Sections 64 & 65 of D.M. Act 1901.)
THE ASSESSMENT LIST of Juhu Municipality for the year 1948-49 is ready and is kept open in the Municipal Office, for inspection during office hours, of the persons claiming to be either owners or occupiers of properties included in the list and they are also entitled to make extracts therefrom without charge in respect of their property or properties.

Any objection to the valuation and assessment made must be submitted to the Municipality IN WRITING stating the grounds on which the valuation and assessment are disputed, on or before 15th May 1948, after which the Municipality will proceed to revise the valuation and assessment.

Objections received otherwise will not be taken into consideration.

SECRETARY,
Juhu Municipality,
No. T/1813 of 1947-48,
Municipal Office,
Juhu, dated 31st March, 1948.

(7986)

INSTITUTO LUSO-INDIANO.

NOTICE
AUCTION SALE of 67 old serviceable and lot of damaged chairs at 11.30 a.m. on Friday 9th April, 1948, at the hall of the Instituto Luso-Indiano, Burrows Lane, Girgaum Road, Bombay.

P. J. DE MENEZES,
Hon. Gen. Secretary.
30th March, 1948.

(8442)

AUCTION SALES

BONAFIDE SALE
AUCTION SALE TOMORROW SUNDAY at 10-30 A.M. Property of K. Rose Esq., and others, at Chowpatty Sea Face near Vaniellies Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Godrej and Eng. Milners safe mirror door steel almirah, typewriter, Singer machine, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, Chesterfield, almirah, bed, Elec. fans, A.C. all wave Radio, Cabinet Gramophone, Glassware, etc. (S. Tax) T. 40213, EASTERN AUCTION CO.

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TIMES HELD TO A DRAW

Aga Khan Hockey

BOMBAY, Friday.
G. I. P. RLY. 'A' 0
TIMES S. C. 4
CALCUTTA PORT COMMISSIONERS 0

Of the four teams that played this evening in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, three sides failed to score only once, B. B. & C. I. Railway 'A' who were the only side to find the boards did so on four occasions and won their match against the junior string of the G.I.P. Railway comfortably.

It was, however, the other drawn match that produced good hockey. Both the sides can, in a sense be considered to be fortunate in surviving for both the sides underwent and successfully withstood a period of constant barrage during which goal seemed to be a matter of time. The visitors from Calcutta started in an enterprising fashion making almost a dozen attempt at the goal in as many minutes. Only the determined spoiling of deep defenders H. Roberts and P. Fernandes and the courage of alibon, who once took a strong shot on his chest, saved the pressmen from falling into arrears early in the game. Roberts and to a slightly lesser extent P. Vaz was the saviour of the local side on numerous occasions. The performance of the deep defender is all the more noteworthy as, labouring under a pulled thigh muscle, he did not show any signs of giving up what was certainly a huge task in the initial stages of the game.

Towards the latter quarter of the match and, more noticeably during the extra-time, the visitors, crowded out and fatigued were forced to relinquish the initiative to their opponents who all but scored during the vital last minutes. The best chance of a goal and possibly winning the match was in the first half of extra-time when a magnificent centre from outside-left Pichardo went just out of the reach of inside-right J. Vaz and centre-forward P. Ferrao.

The weakness of the Times', as that of the Tatas at football, was in their front rank. The attacking line of the local side seldom functioned as a strong and welded unit. Positional play was absent and there was an alarming lack of ball control. What they lacked in attack they made up in defence.

The Calcutta Port Commissioner's side appeared more attractive and presented the spectacle of a complete round to a drawn game without scoring is a far cry, but the visitors were somewhat unfortunate in meeting the rival defenders in an inspired spell when being constantly pressed. Glacken, as the leader of the attack, had excellent colleagues on either flank. Both Jansen and G. Singh, the latter in particular appeared to be both clever and fast enough to rout the entire defence. Glacken distributed the ball well but was marked from the very beginning and was crowded out.

The replay which is fixed for Sunday should prove to be a good match.

THE TEAMS:

CALCUTTA PORT COMMISSIONERS: R. Roy, E. K. Kapoor and J. McMahon; S. C. Dias, L. Claudius and J. Gallibardy; N. St. Romaine, G. Singh, G. Glacken, P. Jansen and G. Sargeant.

TIMES S. C.: A. Gibson; H. Roberts and P. Fernandes; H. D'Souza, T. Vaz and L. D'Souza; L. Braganza, J. Vaz, P. Ferrao, F. Correa, and M. Pichardo.

In an earlier match this evening the senior string of the BB & CI Rly. routed the junior combination of the GIP Rly. Crossing over with a slender lead of one goal to nil, the winners toyed with the defence during the second half and scored three goals in the last 10 minutes. The margin would have been even greater had the winners' forwards taken things more seriously.

Kishenlal, Saxby, Kishenlal and Murrello were the scorers in the order.

THE TEAMS:

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY 'A': A. Pearce; Jadhav and Ismail Khan; Agre, Joginder and Dias; Mullen, Kishenlal, Murrello, Saxby and G. Fernandes.

G. I. P. RAILWAY 'B': H. Romer; R. D'Souza and A. Fernandes; C. DeSouza, C. Pavey and J. Mascarenhas; O. Dixon, H. Fernandes, G. Fernandes, W. Sullivan and J. D'Souza.

SATURDAY'S MATCHES: At 3-10 p.m. Bombay Port Trust vs. Muslims Kampette; 4-15 p.m. Tatas vs. St. Xavier's 'A'; 5-30 p.m. Khalsa Club, Delhi vs. Spencers S. C., Madras.

PAKISTAN TEAM FOR LONDON OLYMPICS

LONDON, April 2 (Reuters).—Pakistan, who expects to send a contingent of 50 competitors to the "Brotherhood of World Athletes" is among the latest countries to accept invitations to compete in the Olympic Games in London this summer.

Of the 65 countries invited, 58 have accepted, the latest, in addition to Pakistan, being: Syria, Saudi Arabia, Portugal, Cuba, Columbia and Porto Rico, who will compete in track events, boxing and shooting.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Summary Dismissal Of A-I. L. T. A.'s Request

BY J. C. MAITRA
Strong resentment is being felt in India's lawn tennis circles at the summary dismissal of the A.I.L.T.A.'s request to the International body for holding an all-Asiatic competition on the Davis Cup lines. It is rather unfortunate that S. Chinnna Dural, the representative in the I.L.T.F. Council could not attend its last meeting owing to ill-health. But from what I have heard from a reliable source, his presence in the meeting would not have made any difference at all—for the simple reason the purpose was not even placed on the agenda! I should like to know why this was so.

LACK OF COMMON COURTESY
Common courtesy demanded that the proposal should be formally placed before meeting and discussed. If the members thought that the idea was a little premature—in view of the fact that the Peace treaty between the Allies and their erstwhile enemy, Japan, has not been signed yet.—They could have clarified the position in the meeting. All the same, the proposal might have been similarly brought forward and the issue decided on its merits.

But by refusing to consider the question at all the rulers of the I.L.T.F. have laid themselves out for the change of autocratic methods in a sporting body. It must be brought home to them that independent India would not tolerate any slight on the part of any international or national organisation. That is not sporting either.

LOW STANDARD OF ASIA

It is common knowledge that the standard of lawn tennis in India and other Asiatic countries is pretty low. It may take many more years before we can rise to the level of America, Australia, England or France. Where have we got the facilities which obtain in these countries? Little encouragement is given to it by our schools and colleges, although the beginning should really be made in the schools.

Leela Roy (now Mrs. Dayal) reminded me the other day that she began her tennis when she was twelve years ago. If she had not begun so early, she would never have reached the great heights she did.

All her training and experience in Europe would have been of little avail had she started her career late in the day.

COMMON CAUSE

However, that is another matter. I made a reference to it because I felt the urgent necessity of introducing this lovely game in our schools. Its cost should not frighten the authorities if they would only devote the money they collect from the students by way of sports fees to the promotion of sport. Provided they are given sound coaching and training when they are going, it would not be long before the India long to challenge the world on even terms.

At this stage it is necessary that all the Asiatic countries interested in this game should join together and force the hands of the I.L.T.F. to concede our demands. The ensuing Olympic Games in London will give India's representatives an excellent opportunity of meeting and discussing with the representatives of other countries our common problems in a dispassionate manner, and formulate plans for joint action. When they work concertedly they will not take long to reach their goal.

INDORE CRICKET TEAM FOR CEYLON

BOMBAY, April 2 (AP).—The Holker State Cricket Team, captained by Col. C. K. Nayudu is expected to arrive in Bombay from Indore on the morning of Sunday, April 4, on its way to

MRS. SUSHILA YAWALKAR'S PAINTINGS

Exhibition At The Taj

The Rt. Hon. Dr. M. R. Jaykar will declare open on Sunday (4th April) in the Prince's Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel an exhibition of paintings by Mrs. Sushila Yawalkar.

Perhaps, this is the first time that an Indian lady artist is holding a one man show of more than 90 paintings embracing a diversity of subjects and versatility in treatment.

Mrs. Sushila Yawalkar hails from Dhargal (Goa) and is the wife of the well known painter and sculptor Mr. Nagesh Yawalkar of Gwalior.

The exhibition will remain open from 5th April to 11th April, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 8 p.m. every day. There will be no Entrance Fee.

Governor Attends Easter "Bhajan"

The Governor of Bombay and Rani Maharaj Singh attended a "Bhajan" by the well-known Christian "Bhajan" singer, Mr. S. R. Powar at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House on Sunday. A large crowd of Christians of all denominations was present.

In welcoming Their Excellencies, Mr. T. E. Vihar, the Vice-President, extolled Raja Sir Maharaj Singh's sterling qualities and referred to his brilliant record of public service in India, and abroad. Rani Maharaj Singh, he said, had created a permanent place for herself in the social and public life of Bombay by her keen interest in the institutions and organisations working for the welfare of women.

In presenting a gold medal to Mr. Powar, Raja Sir Maharaj Singh expressed his appreciation of Mr. Powar's Bhajans. Congratulating the Easter celebrations committee he expressed the hope that it would continue its good work in years to come.

West Indies Win Last Test And Rubber

M. C. C. Fail To Win A Single Match

KINGSTON, (Jamaica) April 1. (Reuters). Victory came suddenly and easily to the West Indies here today when they beat England in the fourth and final test match by ten wickets. After fighting bravely England went down thoroughly beaten and so West Indies by winning the last two tests after fighting bravely England went down thoroughly beaten and so West Indies, by winning the last two tests after two had been drawn in their favour, took the rubber as they did 13 years ago.

There was no doubting that they were complete masters and they well deserved the success. One point that stands out is that this is the first overseas tour in which M.C.C. have failed to win a match. Johnnie Crawford, India's star bowler, he took 5 wickets for 55 in the second innings to bring his match figures to 10 for 96.

Until lunchtime today England were still in a good position with a lead of 10 and six wickets standing. But then their batting broke down and in a little more than an hour they were all out with only another 24 runs added to their total. India had completed his maiden century in Test cricket but West Indies needed only 74 runs for victory and in a whirlwind finish they got them in 34 minutes.

England (First Innings)	227
West Indies (First Innings)	490
England (Second Innings)	60
Hutton c Substitue b Goddard	49
Robertson b Johnson	28
Place St. Walcott b Stollmeyer	107
Hardstaff b Johnson	36
Crawford b Kentish	66
Allen lbw Johnson	13
Ikin c Worrell b Stollmeyer	3
Evans b Johnson	4
Howarth st. Walcott b Stollmeyer	1
Laker not out	2
Tremlett c Walcott b Johnson	2
Extras	12
Total	336

BOWLING ANALYSIS:	O	M	R	W
Johnson	31	11	55	1
Kentish	26	7	68	1
Goddard	25	9	38	1
Worrell	20	3	41	0
Ferguson	30	7	90	0
Stollmeyer	19	7	32	3
West Indies (Second Innings)				
Goddard not out	46			
Stollmeyer not out	25			
Extras	5			
Total (no wicket)	76			

BOWLING ANALYSIS:	O	M	R	W
Allen	2	0	14	0
Tremlett	1	0	4	0
Laker	2	0	11	0
Howarth	3.5	0	27	0
Ikin	2	0	15	0

Soviet Wants To Enter International Boxing

LONDON, April 2 (Reuters).—The Soviet Union has applied for affiliation to the Association International De Box Amateur, an administrative body for all international amateur boxing—it was announced here today. The application was accompanied by a constitution in order to see if it complies with the principles laid down by the association.

In accordance with the rules of the association they have been asked to supply two copies of their boxing constitution in order to see if it complies with the principles laid down by the association.

Ceylon to play against the Ceylon team.

The team will leave Bombay for Ceylon on Sunday night.

Kuria Sweepers' Strike

BOMBAY, April 1. (U.P.I.).—About 250 sweepers, drivers and other menial employees of Kuria Municipality, including hospital sweepers, have gone on strike since this morning due to the refusal of the authorities to concede their demands regarding dearness allowance, repairs to chawls, etc.

It is stated that the strikers had given due notice to the authorities, which expired on the 29th March.

The strike is peaceful and no untoward incident or arrest has so far been reported.

Abu-Mudka-Tax Abolished

The Director, Maharashtra, President, Revenue Board, Sirohi State, has by a notification in the Gazette abolish the Abu-Mudka-Tax which was being recovered from every person entering Hindu and Jain temples in Sirohi.

She has further ordered the refund of fines realised from workers sentenced in connection with the "Quit India" movement of August 1942.

Sirohi Rajya Praja Mandal at its last session passed a resolution to abolish this tax. Shree Dharm Chandra Surana, the President, interviewed Her Highness two days earlier in connection with the fulfilment of certain demands, including among others the above two.

SCHEDULED CASTES SPORTING ASSN. MOURN JADHAV'S DEATH

Mr. Shriwam Salvi, General Secretary of the Scheduled Castes Sporting Association writes:—

It is with the deepest regret that we received the news of the sudden demise of Mr. G. M. Jadhav, President of the Scheduled Castes Federation, and Vice-President of the Scheduled Castes Sporting Association.

No words can describe the extent of the loss suffered by the Scheduled Castes Football by the passing of this sympathetic administrator, who despite pressure of work at the Federation, found time to see to the progress of our Sporting Association.

LIMIT ON RETAIL SALE OF LIQUOR

The Government of Bombay has issued a notification limiting, with effect from April 1, 1948, the quantity of retail sale of foreign liquor throughout the Province of Bombay, as shown below.

(a) Brandy, Whisky, Rum, Gin: Two-thirds of an imperial gallon or four reputed quart bottles in aggregate. (b) Wines: One-third of an imperial gallon or two reputed quart bottles in aggregate. (c) Fermented foreign liquor: One and one-third of an imperial gallon or eight reputed quart bottles in aggregate.

TRANSPORT, IMPORT AND EXPORT OF LIQUOR

The Government of Bombay has issued a notification prescribing the maximum quantity of foreign liquor that can be transported and imported or exported in the Bombay Province without a pass, with effect from April 1, 1948, as shown below.

TRANSPORT:—(a) Brandy Whisky, Rum, Gin: One-sixth of an imperial gallon or one reputed quart bottle in aggregate. (b) Wines: One-sixth of an imperial gallon or one reputed quart bottle in aggregate. (c) Fermented foreign liquor: One-half of an imperial gallon or three reputed quart bottles in aggregate.

IMPORT OR EXPORT:—(a) Brandy, Whisky, Rum, Gin: One pint in aggregate. (b) Wines: One pint in aggregate. (c) Fermented foreign liquor: One pint in aggregate.

Om Mandli To Stick To Karachi

BOMBAY, April 1. (U.P.I.).—Om Mandli, the society of celebrities, means to stick to Karachi although some seven lakh Hindus have already left Sind for India. This was revealed to a "United Press" representative, by Brahman Kumar Prakash Mani, an important member of the organization, who is on a visit to

Bombay along with a few other members.

The Om Mandli of Karachi consists of 222 members at present, including 62 married women who have left their husbands and lead life of celibacy, and 102 virgins, besides married men and boys.

"We are vice-free divine ones, and we maintain supreme power of impish faith in divinity. We know not fear," she declared, expressing determination of the Mandli members to stay in Pakistan.

REWARD £500

'Be Young in 24 hours'

"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS gives surprising increase in vitality

and energy within the first 24 hours. It makes a man or woman look and feel 18 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, weak memory and body nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, insomnia, giddiness mental or physical exhaustion etc. It will increase your height from 2 to 4 inches and your weight will be increased from 5 to 10 lbs. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. OTOGEN improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old man. Use of "OTOGEN" (Tonic) in severe cases of falling hair, dandruff and baldness, is highly recommended.

"OTOGEN" was tried by Prof. A. P. PARKER in SWITZERLAND upon emaciated male patients aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that a patient of 100 years of age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife.

The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life everlasting charms of youth and preserves schoolgirl complexion all along. For males in their period of youth, "OTOGEN" wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

It is wonderful invention of the Twentieth Century and the EIGHTH WONDER OF THE WORLD. After taking "OTOGEN" ladies get back that Rose-Bud Beauty and charming figure of school-girl age, lighter, brighter, luckiest days are in store for both men and women who start using "OTOGEN". Start taking "OTOGEN" immediately and live for 100 years young, fit, strong and healthy with roses on the face. It makes appetite so keen that even a weak man can easily digest one pound or more butter every day. The great scientists and experienced doctors have been astonished and amazed to see the results by this wonderful Tonic "OTOGEN".

"OTOGEN" is the only Tonic of its kind which is being used by men and women all over the world. It is wonderful invention ever prepared in the history of Medical Science. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN".

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India the price is 5/- Rs. 5 only per box with directions for a very short period after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order today for tomorrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of demand conditions.

GUARANTEE:—A cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist of Medical Man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.

NOTE:—Unlike other rejuvenators "OTOGEN" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the extreme of heat of Tropical Summers as in Winter or any other mild and temperate climate.

Under the burning heat of SUMMER SUN when you are at ZERO, "OTOGEN" is also an Excellent Restorative.

We have removed our showrooms from LAHORE and our Office has been shifted from ENGLAND to INDIA from 15th August, 1948. SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS OR AVAILABLE DIRECT FROM:—

OTOGEN LABORATORIES
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SERVICE, BOMBAY

OT/JEN/4/4

Government of Maharashtra

on 18 April, 2017

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BEHAR—Patna, Gaya, Ranchi, Hazaribagh, Kodarma, Giridih, Purulia.

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NORTHERN INDIA—Benares, New Delhi.
LONDON AGENTS: MIDLAND BANK, LIMITED.
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Bombay Branch Manager.
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PAKISTAN'S ATTITUDE IRRECONCILABLE

Hope Of Friendly Settlement Of Kashmir Dispute Waning

LAKE SUCCESS, APRIL 2. (REUTERS): THE PAKISTAN GOVERNMENT IS STANDING FIRM ON ITS OPPOSITION TO THE TWO MAIN POINTS OF THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT OF THE KASHMIR DISPUTE. IT IS RELIABLY LEARNED.

Observers now feel that hope of a friendly settlement through the Security Council is beginning to wane. It is understood that Sir Zairuan Khan, the Chief Pakistani delegate, has received instructions from Karachi which support the position he previously took on the Chinese draft resolution.

Sir Zairuan's objection was to the points: (1) the presence of Indian troops in Kashmir. (2) Sheikh Abdullah's administration.

The Pakistan Government has apparently reaffirmed its contention that no "fair" plebiscite could be held in Kashmir as long as any outside forces are in the country.

The Government has also repeated its view that the Sheikh's Government, which Pakistan alleges is committed to the Indian cause, could not be prevented from influencing any plebiscite taken in favour of accession to India.

If Pakistan maintains this opposition in the Security Council—as there appears every likelihood she will—then informed circles believe that there are only two courses open to the Council.

It can declare that in view of the impossibility of reaching agreement between the parties it is unable to act further. It can then throw up the case or take a majority vote ordering both parties to pursue a certain course and trust its order will be obeyed.

The Security Council delegates do

not conceal that they are reluctant to adopt the second of these two courses, but they may be forced into it by their obligation to reach a solution.

It has been suggested in some quarters that Pakistan might be prepared to agree to a plan which would contain two elements in the earlier Colombian proposal.

These are: (1) To police Kashmir during the proposed plebiscite with joint Indian-Pakistan forces.

(2) To broaden Sheikh Abdullah's administration to include the Muslim Conference and the Azad Kashmir representatives.

Such proposals are entirely unacceptable to the Indian Delegation and do not seem to have much support among other delegations.

Doctor Alfonso Lopez of Colombia, in taking up the presidency of the Security Council yesterday said he would continue conversations with the delegates of India and Pakistan which were carried on by his predecessor Doctor T. F. Tsang, China, and previous presidents of the Council, Fernand Van Langenhove (Belgium) and General A. G. L. McNaughton (Canada).

Doctor Lopez said it might be advisable also that some other members of the Security Council take part in the India-Pakistan conversations and added: "I expect that by next week we shall be able to submit something to the Security Council."

SECURITY COUNCIL RECOMMENDS TRUCE IN PALESTINE

Partition Plan May Be Replaced By Some Other Solution

LAKE SUCCESS, April 2. (Reuters): The Security Council last night unanimously adopted the American proposal for an immediate truce in Palestine, and called a special session of the General Assembly for April 16.

The special session will be asked to reconsider the partition recommendation made last November, and possibly propose a different solution for the future of Palestine.

Russia and the Ukraine, abstaining on the vote to call the special assembly session, stood by their contention that partition as recommended, is the proper solution for Palestine.

Mr. Moshe Sheatok, speaking for the Jewish agency, earlier told the Council that the Jews could not accept a truce within Palestine alone because the threat came from Arab forces outside Palestine—from Syria and other Arab League Govts.

He said such a truce would in fact be capitulation.

Mr. Sheatok alleged that Britain had armed Arabs and disarmed Jews. Mahmoud Bey Fawzi (Egypt) denied Mr. Sheatok's allegations that Arab states had taken part in the Palestine conflict.

"Would the Zionist leaders be willing to have a most careful search carried out in Palestine and exclude from that land everybody who went there without legal authority?" he asked.

If the United States resolution meant re-establishment of order in Palestine, Fawzi said, "I do believe sincerely we are all for it."

He drew the Council's attention to recruitment which he said was going on in New York "under their very noses" of Jewish volunteers to fight in Palestine.

Faris Al Khoury (Syria), supporting the United States plan for a special session, said: "I am authorized in the name of all Arab states to state that they will make available facilities to the Security Council and the assembly to establish some basis for peace in Palestine."

On the truce proposals, Faris Al Khoury said he reserved his view until he knew more about the conditions of the truce.

Sir Alexander Cadogan (Britain) said that Britain would support the proposal for a truce and the request for a special session.

FITTING STATES IN UNION OF INDIA

London 'Times' Commends Good Work Of India Govt.

LONDON, April 1. (Reuters): The independent London 'Times' today commended the "rapid progress" the Government of India had achieved in its policy of fitting the states into the structure of the Indian Union.

The 'Times' said "the Government of India has already shown that it is not prepared to tolerate opposition to this replanning of Princely India. This partly explains the small amount of physical force that has so far been employed in dealing with the states, but credit must also be given to the common sense and patriotism of many of the rulers who see that they must adapt themselves to the new conditions."

"In case of backward states the progress of assimilation is all to the good; but the insistence by the Government of India upon the immediate introduction of systems of responsible Government, with little regard to the political experience of the population concerned may endanger the efficiency of the administration in some of the more advanced states."

"The interest of India as a whole seems to require that able Princes should have suitable opportunities for serving their country elsewhere when changed conditions prevent them from employing their talents in their own states. The process of grouping is providing important executive positions for some, as has happened in Kathiawar; but others will fall into a more or less private status, and administrative talent and experience, of which India has too little at her disposal, may thus be lost."

"The aristocratic principle is strong in India, and will be encouraged by the decision of the Government that the title of a Ruler who leaves no heir will not be allowed to lapse."

"It may be that some form of direct nomination by the Government is contemplated; but the ancient hereditary principle which is so powerful in many of the Rajput states should not be lightly weakened."

"It lies at the root of the influence which the princes can exert in the direction of stability and ordered progress."

Br. Train Returns

Russians Close Railway Between Berlin And Vorfels

BERLIN, April 2. (Reuters): A British military train held up for over 20 hours at Marienborn, near the Soviet zone border, arrived back in Berlin with its 98 frustrated passengers early today.

The train, first to leave Berlin for the British zone after the Russians claimed the right to inspect all trains leaving for the Western zones, was ordered back after the British had followed the American example in temporarily cancelling all military trains in and out of Berlin.

A few minutes after the British train left Marienborn last night the Russian military administration closed 100 miles of railway between Berlin and the Russian zone check point at Vorfels, through which all military coal supplies have hitherto passed on their way from the Ruhr to Berlin.

Britain's Sales Of Gold

LONDON, April 1. (Reuters): Britain's gross sales of gold during March were announced by the Treasury tonight at £6,000,000.

This compared with £27,000,000 in February and £26,500,000 in January.

SPANISH COTTON TO INDONESIA

THE HAGUE, April 1. (Reuters): Indonesia will get Spanish cotton goods worth 12,500,000 guilders under an agreement between Holland and Spain for increasing trade between Spain and Indonesia it was announced here today.

Spain will receive Indonesian products including spices and rubber.

LONG-TERM ANGLO-SOVIET TRADE TALKS

LONDON, April 1. (Reuters): Negotiations for a long-term Anglo-Soviet Trade Agreement are expected to be resumed probably in London at the end of this month, authoritative quarters said today.

LONDON, March 31. (Reuters): Naval military and air attaches from many countries gathered at India House tonight to meet India's defence Service Liaison Organisation.

West Bengal To Be First Rate Maritime Zone

NEW DELHI, April 2. (UPI): The need for developing the immense potentialities of West Bengal into a first-rate maritime zone is engaging the serious attention of the Government of India and West Bengal Government, learns the United Press of India.

Having regard to the fact that the province of West Bengal has not only got a very big sea front extending from the Mahanadi on the coast of Orissa right up to the Sunderbans, but also possesses one of the biggest ports in Asia, which serves as the "Clearing House" for the whole of Northern India, including Assam, Bengal, Orissa, Bihar and the United Provinces, the West Bengal Government is reported to have chalked out a scheme for training of Ratings of different categories, which is calculated to lead to the growth in due course of a community of sea-farers imbued with the best traditions of maritime life.

Implementation of this ambitious scheme envisages it to further "tear" the establishment of three nautical schools and one nautical college to be situated as near to Calcutta as possible.

E. PUNJAB M.L.A.'s LEAD

SIMLA April 1. (A.P.I.): To induce reduction in the salaries of Ministers and Government officials Pandit Mohanlal Datta M.L.A. has decided to accept from to-day Rs. 150 per month instead of total compensation allowance of Rs. 300.

sible for training of Ratings as well as of executive officers and engineers. It is reliably understood that K. P. Mukherjee, Labour Minister of West Bengal, who is now in Delhi, has taken up the matter with the appropriate authority of the Commerce Ministry of the Government of India.

Enquiries made by the United Press of India reveal that statistically the Calcutta port claims to have the largest volume of import and export, and that nearly 50,000 Ratings are recruited annually by the Shipping Master at Calcutta.

In view of the assurance given by the West Bengal Government that plenty of sturdy human materials will be available in Hindustan who may be persuaded to take to sea-faring as their profession, the Government of India is understood to have approved of the special measures that are being taken to expedite training and recruitment of the Ratings of India on the basis of the scheme already sponsored by the West Bengal Government.

END OF E. I. RLY. LOCO WORKSHOP STRIKE

LUCKNOW, April 1. (A.P.I.): The fifteen-day old stay-in-strike of about 1,000 workmen of the Eastern Railway Loco and Wagon Workshops ended today.

A Press Note issued by the East Indian Railway says:

The workmen of the E. I. R. Carriage and Wagon Workshops having resumed work this morning all Railwaymen who had been on strike in Lucknow since March 17, 1948 have now returned to duty. The workmen of the Loco Workshops had already resumed work yesterday (Wednesday) morning.

Akali Dal Welcomes Union Of Small Punjab States

SIMLA, April 1. (A. P. I.): The recent statement of the Secretary, States Department, Government of India, regarding the formation of a separate Union of the East Punjab smaller States is welcomed by the Shiromani Akali Dal.

In a statement on behalf of the Shiromani Akali Dal, Sardar Amar Singh Doan Vice-President of the Dal said: "The statement shows that the States Ministry will respect the wishes of the States people in general and that of Sikh Faith in particular who form an integral part of the nation."

MAHARAJA OF JIND DEAD

PATIALA, April 1. (A.P.I.): The Maharaja of Jind State breathed his last today. He was quite advanced in age.

The Maharaja of Patiala has desired his subjects to observe complete hartal for 24 hours as a mark of respect to the late Maharaja. All courts, offices, schools, and colleges will remain closed tomorrow.

REVISED SCALES FOR LOW PAID STAFF OF SAURASHTRA GOVT.

RAJKOT, April 1. (A.P.I.): The Saurashtra Government announced that they have decided to revise the pay scales, and other service conditions of their low paid staff such as teachers, policemen, and Railwaymen, and a final decision will be taken by May 31, 1948.

Any revision will be with retrospective effect from Feb. 1, 1948, the day of the establishment of Government.

69 CARTRIDGES SEIZED FROM MUSLIM PASSENGER

BAHRAICH April 1. (A.P.I.): One gun, one country made pistol, 69 cartridges, and a few letters written in Urdu, were seized following a search of a Muslim passenger by Mr. Kinhorlal Trivedi, Special Railway Magistrate at Manpara. The passenger disappeared in the course of the search.

CALCUTTA April 1. (A.P.I.): The Premier of West Bengal Dr. B. C. Roy told a Press Conference today that Government had decided to start immediately National Volunteer Force with a strength in the first instance of 10,000 volunteers.

"Personal's Toffees"

IMPORTANT NOTICE

We wish to bring to the notice of our various customers that some of our competitors are trying to imitate the design and wrapping of our products which are well-known for their quality and reputation. It is therefore requested that before they buy their requirements, they particularly examine to see if the name "PERSONAL'S" appears on all Wrappers, Cartons, Boxes and Tins. We would also mention that we are not manufacturing our goods with any other mark excepting "PERSONAL'S".

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First thing in the morning—even before washing—think of Inner Cleanliness, which is the sure foundation of health and beauty. A glass of sparkling Andrews gives you Inner Cleanliness as nothing else can—refreshes and invigorates the whole system—cleans the skin—prevents many everyday ills. Andrews is gentle in its action but thorough—take it regularly, as the need arises. See how it does its inner cleansing work:

FIRST... Andrews cleans and refreshes the mouth and tongue.

NEXT... Andrews settles the stomach and corrects acidity.

THEN... Andrews tones up the liver and checks biliousness.

FINALLY... To complete your Inner Cleanliness, Andrews gently cleans the bowels. It sweeps away trouble-making poisons, corrects Constipation, purifies and cools the blood.

ANDREWS' LIVER SALT

COOL\$ - REFRESHES - INVIGORATES

RAGINI
Comes TODAY
with All Her Charms To
Delight You with Music and
Comedy!

MUN-MANI
From TODAY
at
KAMAL

Daily: 4, 6-30, 9-30
Sunday Matinee: 1 p.m.
A SUNRICH Release
Booking
10 to 12 and 4 to 6 p.m.

with SABITA DEVI
and JAYRAJ

Director: S. BADAMI
Songs: Pt. MADHUR
Music: K. DASGUPTA

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INDIA'S HISTORY
UNFOLDED ON THE SCREEN
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HISTORIC EPIC

**SAMRAT
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Produced and Directed by:
K. B. LALL

Starring: VEENA, SAPRU, SHAMIM, ULLHAS

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30, Sun. 12-45 p.m.
Plans open 9-30 to 12-30, 3 to 6-30 p.m.

4TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
A DIAMOND Release

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

GUILTY PARENTS!
HOW & WHY?—SEE!
ELAN

Producer-Director:
MEHBOOB'S
Purposeful Social
Music: NAUSHAD

Starring: SURENDRA, MUNAWAR
SULTANA, HIMALAYWALA &
SHAH NAWAZ

Daily: 3-30, 6-30
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DUEL OF SONG
TURNED INTO
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IT'S SOMETHING YOU'VE NEVER SEEN OR HEARD
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Directed by: V. SHANTARAM

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Starring:
MANMOHAN, SHILEDAR, PARASHURAM, HANSA, SHAKUNTALA

Plans open (Box and Balcony) 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
Special arrangement to issue Rs. 1-4 tickets to ladies from inside
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NEW WEST END

MARATHI
Daily 6-45
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Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30

STEWART GRANGER KATHLEEN RYAN
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ALASTAIR SIM · MERVYN JOHNS · NOEL PURCELL
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SUNDAY MORNING at 10-30
On the STAGE VIOLIN RECITAL by
JOSEF LAMPKIN

Prices: Rs. 10, 5-4, 2 and 1-4.

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Thrill again to the Romance... Spec-
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GARY COOPER & JEAN ARTHUR
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TOMORROW MORNING AT 10-30
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TUESDAY to THURSDAY!
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BING CROSBY, JOAN CAULFIELD

8TH WEEK!
PLAZA DADAR (B.B.)
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun., 1 p.m.
RAJKAMAL Comedy

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Nayantara, Yakub, Dixit

Thrilling the Theatre.....
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.....MATUNGA (B.B.)....
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
SEE IT NOW!

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CHARLES QUIGLEY,
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"The Northern Lights of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
TODAY to MONDAY!
Strange Moods... Women will be
strangely moved, fascinated... men
will be intimately intrigued, thrilled
by this Great Love Story!
INGRID BERGMAN & GREGORY
PECK
in ALFRED HITCHCOCK'S
"SPELLBOUND"

TOMORROW MORNING AT 10-30
**"WILD BILL HICKOK
RIDES"**

TUESDAY to THURSDAY!
CHARLIE CHAPLIN in
"THE GOLD RUSH"

From FRIDAY,
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**LATIKA
ZANJEER**
starring BEGUN PAR,
BALWANT SINGH, JAGDISH
SETHI, K. N. SINGH & ROPE
A Liberty Art Release
at
KRISHNA BROADWAY
(Dadar G.I.P.)
JAL HIND & KASTURBA
(Byculla) (Malad)

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To-day
Hindu: Faigun Vad 9, 2004.
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Awwal 22, 1367.
Parsi: Avan 3, 1317.
Sunrise 6-31 a.m., Sunset 18-53 p.m.
High tide 07-06, 21-02 Low tide 02-58,
13-27.

To-day's Engagements
BOMBAY PRARTHANA SAMAJ
81ST ANNIVERSARY: Opening Di-
vine Service by Miss K. Javere today
(Saturday) at 6 p.m.
YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIA-
TION: Annual general meeting of
the Young Men's Hindu Association
will be held today (Saturday) at 5 p.m.
at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge,
Bombay. After the meeting, a recep-
tion to welcome Mr. M. L. Dahanukar,
Shenoi of Bombay, will be held. Seth
Pranlal Devkar, Nanji has kindly
consented to preside.

BOMBAY LEGAL AID SOCIETY:
The 23rd annual general meeting of
the Society will be held today (Sat-
urday) at 5 p.m. in the main High
Court Building (Room No. 37, first
floor).

**BOMBAY BIDI GUMASTHA MAN-
DAL:** A meeting of the Bombay Bidi
Gumastha Mandal will be held at Maz-
door Sangh, Congress House, Bombay
today (Saturday) at 10 a.m. under the
presidency of Mr. S. L. Shilam to
discuss the Shops and Establishments
Bill. Mr. H. N. Trivedi will explain
the Bill to the members.
**BOMBAY UNION OF JOURNA-
LISTS:** Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Min-
ister, will address members of the
Union on the 'New Press Laws' at the
club of the Union, Prospect Chambers
Annexe, Hornby Road, at 6 p.m. to-
day (Saturday).

**MR. MINU DESAI'S TALK ON
A.I.R. BOMBAY:** Mr. Minu Desai,
Asst. Editor "Bombay Vartaman", will
give a talk on the Bombay Security
Measures Act, (of 1947) Amending Bill
passed by the Bombay Assembly, to-
day (Saturday) at 7 p.m. A.I.R., Bombay.

PROGRESSIVE YOUTH LEAGUE:
Will hold a study circle meeting to-
day, (Saturday) at the Chhubbidas
Lallubhai High School, Dadar (B.B.),
at 5 p.m. Subject: Inflation. Prin-
cipal Speaker: G. R. Kulkarni.

BOMBAY LEGAL AID SOCIETY:
Twenty-third annual general meet-
ing of the Bombay Legal Aid Society in
Room No. 37, first floor in main High
Court Building at 3 p.m. (S.T.) today.

RACE SELECTIONS:
Thanks to the verdict of his electo-
rate, continued Mr. Sabavalla, he had
found himself exalted to the mem-
bership of the parliament of the free
citizens outside the Corporation. "I
was happy in this House", he said
and added: "I will not pretend that
I am happy to leave this Corporation.
I am, however, happy to know that
I am always acted in a manner cal-
culated to advance the cause of my
beautiful city and my great country"
(Applause). Earlier, Mr. V. B. Gan-
dhi paid warm and glowing tributes
to the "most successful and the
most fortunate Mayors of the
city," to whom they were now
bidding good-bye after his
20 years devoted labour to
the city and to the Corporation. It
was a very great pity that the electo-
rate, feeling him to be a dead cer-
tainly had voted to support the
weaker candidates and so the city had
lost a great servant of rich experience
and mature judgment, a gentleman of
innate courtesy, who followed in the
footsteps of another great Mayor of
the city, the late Mr. John Baptista.
Mr. Gandhi philosophised and said
that the failure of the electorate to
return Mr. Sabavalla to the Corporation
might prove for aught he knew, a
blessing in disguise, for Mr. Sabavalla
might now be enabled to serve in
other spheres and at higher level.
Mr. Gandhi prayed that Providence
might grant Mr. Sabavalla great hap-
piness and great achievements.

**VILLAGE LIFE AT
ITS BEST**
GIRL'S SACRIFICE for
Upholding Family Prestige

**PUPIL'S IMMORTAL
GIFT TO HONOUR
his GURU**

All these and many
more interesting
aspects of life in
G. D. SETH'S

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Filmistan)
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AGHA JANI KASHMIRI
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Geeta Nizami, Jatra, David.



A tea party was given to Mr. Sabavalla, the outgoing Mayor of the Municipal Corporation, by members of the Corporation on Friday evening.

**'SUCCESSFUL AND
FORTUNATE MAYOR'**
City Fathers' Tributes
To Sabavalla

BOMBAY, Friday:
The great work which has been
put by the members of the Corpo-
ration has not been excelled before,
said Mr. A. P. Sabavalla, retiring
Mayor, in the course of his speech
on the occasion of the 'At Home'
given in his honour by the members
of the Corporation in the Corporation
Hall this evening.

This, added the Mayor, was in no
small measure due the devotion and
discipline of the Congress Party in the
Corporation.
Mr. Sabavalla, whose speech was
punctuated with loud bursts of
laughter twisted the so-called Socialists
said that an examination of the budgets
and proceedings of the Government
of India as well as the provincial
Governments revealed that all their
actions and activities converged on
one point, which was the greater good
of the common man. A man earning
Rs. 5,00,000 in a year for instance
had to pay Rs. 4,30,000 in the shape
of various taxes, so that all that was
left to him was a mere Rs. 70,000.
"What more can these socialist chil-
dren achieve?" he asked.

Thanks to the verdict of his electo-
rate, continued Mr. Sabavalla, he had
found himself exalted to the mem-
bership of the parliament of the free
citizens outside the Corporation. "I
was happy in this House", he said
and added: "I will not pretend that
I am happy to leave this Corporation.
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I am always acted in a manner cal-
culated to advance the cause of my
beautiful city and my great country"
(Applause). Earlier, Mr. V. B. Gan-
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bidding good-bye after his
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blessing in disguise, for Mr. Sabavalla
might now be enabled to serve in
other spheres and at higher level.
Mr. Gandhi prayed that Providence
might grant Mr. Sabavalla great hap-
piness and great achievements.

Chhoi Silk Mill Co., Ltd.

The 52nd general meeting of Chhoi
Silk Mill Co. Ltd. was held on the 30th
March at the registered office of the
Company, when Mr. Manecksha N.
Poonkhanawala (Chairman), presided.
The report and accounts for the year
ended 30th June, 1947, were adopted.
Dividend at Rs. 35 per share, free
of income-tax, was declared.
Mr. Erach R. Kooka's appointment
as Additional Director was confirmed
and he was re-elected Director. The
retiring Directors, Messrs. M. N. Poon-
khanawala and Ardeshr D. Baria
were re-elected. Mr. Franzroze S.
Angara and Messrs. Mehta Dhan-
bhora & Co. were re-appointed joint-
auditors for the current year.

TO-DAY ON RADIO
BOMBAY, Saturday, April 2.
244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Tej
Rajendra (Violin) 7-40 News (M)
7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15
News (H) 8-30 Tej Rajendra Singh
(Violin) 8-40 Wamanrao Sadoikar
(Sitar) 8-45 (Sitar) 12-0 p.m. A com-
posite programme (M) 12-45 News (M)
12-50 News (G) 12-55 Ranghoomi 1-25
News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You
Asked for it 4-20 T. P. Garge (Bhim-
pala) 4-40 Gujab Anaoakar (Patdeep)
5-0 Chhotubhai Patel (Gujarati Geeto)
5-15 Programme of special interest to
children (G) 5-45 News (E) 6-0 News
(E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Gujab Anaoakar
(Pad) 6-30 T. P. Garge (Purvi) 7-0
Topic of Day 7-10 Local 7-15 Ahmed
Dilawar Ghazal (Hali) 7-30 Replies to
Listeners letters (H) 7-40 Musical
Interlude 7-45 Ram Joshi 8-0 News (M)
8-15 News (G) 8-30 E. R. Prabhu (Vio-
lin) 8-45 Pandharinath Kolhapurey
(Vocal) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H)
9-30 BBC News 9-40 Musical Interlude
9-45 Film Review by Mrs. G. H. Correa
(E) 10-0 Jaccora Peshwa: Part I by
V. V. Shirwadkar (M) 10-30 Kesarbai
Bhandarkar (Bageshri)

VARIATIONS
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m.
Doane 5-45 p.m. Ahmed Dilawar 6-15
Calline Rural Listeners.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m.
Commercial News 8-9 Chhotubhai
Patel (Gujarati Geeto) 8-15 Marathi
Songs (Bhagwat S. Marathe) 9-0
Kesarbai Bhandarkar (Shankars).

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8th WEEK—AMRITSAR

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, April 2 (A.P.I.) Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from April 1, 1944 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours (I.S.T.) on April 2, 1944.

Bombay	88	66	0.1	plus	0.1
Bombay	88	70	0.0	plus	0.1
Calcutta	96	75	0.0	plus	0.7
Colombo	88	76	0.1	plus	0.9
Cuttack	99	74	0.0	plus	0.9
Darling	58	43	0.4	plus	0.7
Kolkata	68	0.1	plus	0.8	0.1
Kodakana	65	52	0.2	plus	0.2
Lahore	98	88	0.0	plus	0.8
Lucknow	87	67	0.0	plus	0.1
Madras	77	0.0	plus	0.8	0.1
Mahabeshwar	84	65	0.0	plus	0.0
Mussoorie	91	74	0.0	plus	0.0
Nagpur	99	61	0.0	plus	0.0
Patna	98	75	0.2	plus	0.2
Pune	89	70	0.0	plus	0.0
Rangoon	85	65	0.0	plus	0.0
Shillong	72	50	0.6	plus	0.5

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

By ourselves is evil done,
By Ourselves we pain
endure,
By ourselves we cease from
wrong,
By ourselves become we
pure,
No one saves us but
ourselves,
No one can and no one
may:
We Ourselves must walk the
path—
Buddhas merely teach the
way.
—Dhammapada.

The Bombay Chronicle

PROMISING BEGINNING

Admittedly Social Insurance in India is yet in a primitive stage despite the fact that India has been a member of the International Labour Organisation at almost from its inception. Although labour has been agitating for almost a quarter of a century, it was only under the impact of war and the consequent need to woo industrial labour that the then Government of India took up a serious study of the question. But that is a story of foreign domination. The whole aspect of national policies and the tempo of reform having undergone a radical change with the advent of freedom, the first free Government of India have lost no time, despite other intense preoccupations, in launching on measures destined to make up for lost time. The Employees' State Insurance Bill now being debated by the Dominion Parliament—and considering the chorus of praise that has greeted it, there is little doubt of its being passed by the House with acclamation—is but one of a series of measures needed to fill in the picture of social justice which the Government of India have set before themselves and the country. The Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjivan Ram, has claimed that the measure is only a modest beginning. He has promised that Government propose to follow it up with other measures and has revealed that they are already working on plans for starting employment insurance and providing fund for employees.

The Bill itself is fairly simple in its conception, both in the objectives intended to be achieved, as well as the means and the machinery for its achievement. It is intended to provide sickness and accident benefits for factory workers of every category with a monthly income of less than Rs. 250 per month. It also provides for maternity benefits for women workers. The basic principle underlying the earning of the right to benefits is not state charity but contribution. In line with the conception of labour as a partner in industry both the workers and the owners are asked to pay towards the sickness and disablement benefits of the workers. An important exception, is, however, made in the case of workers, whose earnings are less than one rupee a day and who should therefore be rightly considered too poor to make any such contribution. It is a sound principle that the State as such should not be called upon to contribute out of its general revenues, to a scheme which is not of universal application but benefits only a section of the population. Even so it cannot entirely absolve itself from all responsibility. Hence the Government of India have decided to bear two-thirds of the administrative expenses for the scheme for a period of five years, after which they would review the question whether they should continue their assistance. At the same time the Provincial Governments

have been approached and most of them have already agreed to contribute about a third of the cost of medical care and treatment for insured workers. The extent of the benefit that might be expected to accrue to the worker can be gauged from the fact that the standard of medical care which will be insured workers would be such as would cost six rupees per year as against the per capita expenditure to-day of six annas. That is not all. Provision is also made for the extension of the benefit—at a later stage and under certain favourable conditions—to the families of the insured. The unique feature of the scheme envisaged in the Bill, however, is that it will not be directly administered by a Government department with all its dead routine and red tape, but by an independent corporation which will have on its board representatives of industry as well as labour.

While it is clear that the Bill itself is a great and welcome addition to labour legislation, we would like to lay particular emphasis on the implementation of the scheme, for, after all, everything depends on the implementation and not on the paper scheme. The Government have stipulated a two-year period to set up and complete the necessary administrative machinery and get the scheme going. A hope was expressed in the Dominion Parliament that the Government will regard this as the maximum permissible time and that the scheme will be in operation long before that time. While sharing that hope, we may point out that not only the inauguration of the scheme but its effective continuance will depend on the degree of Co-operation that the workers will receive from the workers as well as the owners. The workers must now realise that with a national government pledged to promote their welfare in the saddle, its interests are served by co-operation and mutual adjustments. At the same time the employers also must see in the efforts of Government a useful service to themselves no less than to their employees. For in this age of dynamic changes, it is the goodwill of a healthy and contented working class that is the best and most unfailing guarantee and source of their own interests. It is also the most profitable investment.

Frankly Speaking

Interesting Performance

We wonder whether Mr. Hossain Imam pauses to think before he assumes the role of a devoted and gallant defender of the rights, status and privileges of India's Parliament and sought to censure Government for increasing the postal rates between India and Pakistan without informing the House or consulting the Standing Committee of the communications department. His performance, most interesting and engaging, might have been quite impressive but for the fact that it is that he did not acknowledge, much less mention it with regret, that it was all begun by Pakistan?

Another Berlin Crisis

Some days ago, commenting on the trouble about the Allied Control Council in Berlin, we said that the most serious of all potential danger spots was Berlin because of its peculiar position and situation—occupied by all the Four Powers it is yet well inside the Soviet zone of Germany. The latest development, namely cutting by the Soviet Union of the Western Powers' land links between Berlin and their respective zones of occupation, emphasises the dangers of Berlin. The Moscow Radio announces approval of this development, that the dismemberment of Germany is an "accomplished fact". This is a serious hint. And even in its immediate effect it is in the nature of a "crisis" for the Western Powers. An actual shooting war may still be a long distance away. But Berlin is the most fruitful and prolific base of the present "cold war".

Regrettable Decision

It is deeply regrettable that the leaders of the Central Government should have decided to force a strike on the Government. The other day, the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, made in Parliament a detailed statement on the whole subject in which he explained why Government had perforce to carry out retrenchment of surplus military staff that was employed on a clearly temporary basis. He also gave an account of what Government was doing and planning to afford them relief and alternative employment. And it is a big thing that Government is doing. The strikers' council of action has, however, decided to reject the Prime Minister's appeal and force a showdown with the Government. The Prime Minister called the height of irresponsibility and unpatriotic behaviour.

Challenge To The State

The strike leaders have complicitly ruled that "the world knows" that they are in the right and the Government in the wrong. What the world knows now is exactly the reverse of it. One of the strike leaders has accused the Prime Minister of wanting to give the dog a bad name and hang it by impugning, so he alleges, false political motives to the strike leaders. "The world knows" that Jawaharlal Nehru will be the last man to do such a thing. And even apart from the political motive behind the strike is exposed by no less a person than Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, the Socialist

leader. It is most gratifying that the Socialists, even though they have just succeeded from the Congress, are standing behind Government in its fight against forces that are seeking to provoke disruption and anarchy when what the country needs is peace and order all round. We congratulate the Socialists on proving thereby that their going into opposition does not mean lapsing into irresponsibility and unpatriotic behaviour. The condemnation of the strike by the Socialists proves, moreover, that it is only a small minority in working class leadership that is out to make mischief. Those unfortunate men who have been misled by the strike leaders should now realise that the vast bulk of labour is not with them. They must also realise that by their action they have forfeited the sympathy of the public. The strike is a challenge to the Government and the State and public opinion in India will fully support the Prime Minister and his Government in effectively meeting that challenge.

Requisitioning Of Flats

Sir—The undersigned—including two elderly widows and several old retired gentlemen with their families, whom the Government have asked to leave their homes and move into a building situated at Churchgate Reclamation, Bombay, for the G.I.P. Railway, at a fantastically high price. Having acquired this building, the Government of India proceeded to resort to extra-legal powers denied by law to the private landlord and served all of us with peremptory notices to quit the flats occupied by us within one month's time.

The reason given us was that the Government of India required flats to house some 35 officials of the G.I.P. Railway. These officials are presently housed elsewhere in Bombay—but, seeing our bureaucrats accustomed to the best of everything, they are given 'our' flats, whilst we are offered the pavements or perhaps, worse, the alternative accommodation, even prior to the waiting list of some 40,000 at the Office of the Bombay Controller of Properties has been given to us. All vacant flats being occupied by the Bombay Government, we have no recourse but to go on the streets—or pay paguee to get flats, which would probably land us in jail.

If Government had exhausted all available resources of accommodation before they kicked citizens out in order to make room for their officials we would not have complained—but that is not so. Unoccupied places lie vacant all over Malabar Hill and Napean Sea Road. A look at the Napean Directory would give Government a clue to the number of millionaires owning two or more flats in different parts of the city. Why did the authorities requisition these duplicate flats? Again, Government control cement and steel. Can they not build houses for their own bureaucrats? The hope that the Government of India will not be permitted to put into execution this Bombay Government into the life of Bombay—Yours, etc.

J. F. DAVIES, (Mrs.) PIROSHA B. MADON, B. D. VACHA, P. E. DAVAR, RAMPRATAP JADAYAL and others.

Complex Problems Of Kanara District Constitutes A Meeting-Point Of Four Cultures

By S. SILVA
Latterly Kanara has been a good deal in the public eye in the discussions of the political, economical, social and linguistic problems of the province. The name of Kanara is a misnomer. It means Kannada. But it is the most non-Kannada tract in the whole Kannada-Deshnam. Readers of Nrapatunga's "Kaviraja Marg" would know which are the tracts which speak pure Kannada. If by a stretch of the imagination the Sahayadris Kanara and the outermost strips of Kannada-Deshnam, then only a few talukas of Kanara could be included in Kannada-Deshnam.

FOUR CULTURES

A deep study of Kanara would reveal that it is the meeting point of four cultures: viz. Konkani, Keraia, Kannada and Marathi. The Konkani Gangavdi river is the Southern boundary of Konkani and in this are included the talukas of Karwar and Supa which are purely Konkani. The coastal talukas of Ankola, Kumta, and Bhalki are Marathi. But it is rather strange that in spite of centuries of Kanara intrusion throughout the district even in British days, Konkani has expanded itself throughout the district. It should be styled the leading district language. Everyone understands it though every one does not fluently speak it.

KONKANI, AN INDEPENDENT LANGUAGE
Appropos, this leads to a thought whether Konkani is an independent language. It is an independent language. It is as independent as Marathi and both are derived from the same parent. The only sad feature is that Konkani had no royal patronage as Kannada or Marathi had. It remained as a home-tongue. Dr. Grierson's statement that Konkani had a vast literature and it was described by Portuguese language as a foundation in modern research. The Portuguese destroyed the language as well as rebuilt it. The first Konkani book was written by Fr. Thomas Stephens, an Englishman in Goa in the seventeenth century. Modern Konkani is still visible in all its varieties from Portuguese language for want of Marathi Grammars.

Bombay's Housing Problem

Only Dispersal Of Part Of Population Can Bring Maximum Relief

BY: OBSERVATEUR

It is becoming increasingly clear that Bombay's housing problem is being used and exploited politically by the combined forces of landlord racketeers, including certain finance investment interests, and political opposition does not mean lapsing into irresponsibility and unpatriotic behaviour. The condemnation of the strike by the Socialists proves, moreover, that it is only a small minority in working class leadership that is out to make mischief. Those unfortunate men who have been misled by the strike leaders should now realise that the vast bulk of labour is not with them. They must also realise that by their action they have forfeited the sympathy of the public. The strike is a challenge to the Government and the State and public opinion in India will fully support the Prime Minister and his Government in effectively meeting that challenge.

LANDLORDS OPPOSED

The statement made by Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Bombay's Minister for Labour and Housing, appears to have alarmed all those who are interested, for divergent and sometimes contradictory reasons, in sabotaging the building programme outlined by the Minister. The establishment of the rent control machinery, House Requisition Ordinance and anti-pugree campaign, in public interest, have antagonized the powerful landlord interest. Although the Government policy does not prevent legitimate investment in the building programme and in fact seeks to extend all reasonable encouragement to legitimate investment, the landlord interests view, with suspicion and misgivings, the policy of encouragement to building co-operatives and persons who invest their savings in small houses of their own. Paradoxically enough, the Communist and other oppositionist groups are lining up with the monopolists in trying to defeat the Nanda Housing Programme as their agitation would be dislocated if the housing programme is carried out.

MERCHANTS OF CHAOS

This explains why some of the Bombay papers are demanding that Minister Nanda should collaborate with big finance interests and give a blank cheque to builders and contractors. The illuminating statistics given by Mr. Nanda in his speech in the recent meeting of the Housing Advisory Board clearly expose the idiosyncrasy of the self-appointed "brain-trust". The Communists, on the other hand, want to "squash" in the military huts before the Housing Department converts them into residential quarters. They are, too, opposed on strictly ideological and revolutionary grounds, to small citizens owning houses on the co-operative principle. If the suburban areas were developed and co-operative housing schemes introduced to reduce substantially the existing pressure of shortage of houses, a new anti-revolutionary class of "petit bourgeois" is brought into existence by that arch-anti-revolutionary, Gulzarilal Nanda.

The trade union movement in this country is being developed on the converging lines of the theory of trade unionism constituting the "gymnasium of revolution", unless the housing problem creates chaos and popular discontent and gives birth to militant revolutionism with hourly street demonstrations, street-corner meetings and Wagnerian music of class-con-

scious slogans, Communism must fail and Nandasque "reformism" triumph. The housing problem in Bombay city, apart from the situation realistically described by Mr. Nanda, must also be viewed from various angles. It is not unique but is certainly complicated by several local factors. The remedy of dispersal of population with development of the suburban areas linked to the city would no doubt bring maximum relief. But other measures of population control would appear necessary. Actually, Bombay's housing problem is the culmination of the situation created in the socio-economic sphere in not only other parts of the province but in places like the Portuguese settlement of Goa. At least one lakh Goans are living in this city and they are a tragic spectacle of poverty and neglect that could hardly establish their origin in the land of their birth. If socio-economic conditions improve in Goa and channels of employment are created and prosperity reappears, the pressure on Bombay's population would be automatically relaxed. There are, too, non-Hindu refugees who have migrated to the haven of safety and means of livelihood our city so generously offers.

REMEDY OF DISPERSAL

It would be cruel to ask that this humanity should be ousted out of the city. The real remedy is creation of conditions that would automatically bring about the results of dispersal of this more or less temporary influx in population. It is a pity the Government has not carried out a systematic survey of the city's population with a view to dispersing the abnormal pressure caused through increases in population.

A survey of this kind would show in what proportion the outside population has aggravated the situation of congestion in the city. But the range of remedy must be found in a programme of settlement outside the city limits of the densely packed area in Bombay. The housing problem is inevitably linked with the problem of diversion of the city's population and the programme of industrial expansion and economic prosperity can contribute a great deal in the really satisfactory solution of this problem.

"LAWLESS LAW"

Prof. Wadia Criticises Public Security Measures Act

Prof. P. A. Wadia, President of the Freedom Group, Bombay, has issued a statement in the course of which he says that it is extremely regrettable that the Indian National Congress, with its noble tradition of a doctory fighter for the country's freedom against foreign domination, should have resorted to laws such as the amendment of the already sufficiently drastic Security Act, "which even rival Imperialism in their attack on the liberty of the subject and the press." In his view the Congress could well have felt the people's pulse before resorting to such a law. He adds—"With resort to totalitarian tactics at such breakneck speed it is certain that Nemesism must overtake the Congress in power at the next general elections, but surely, even now there are Congress M.L.A.s who in their conscience, feel the injustice and wrong of such laws. Would it be too much to suggest that even one such Congress M.L.A. should resign on this issue from the Congress party and the Legislative Assembly and seek re-election? The Ministry and the country will be then able to gauge public reaction to the measure, even under that existing, limited electorate."

BURMA GOVT INVITES A-L.W.C. CHIEF

NAGPUR, April 2 (A.P.I.): Mrs. Anusuyabai Kale, President of the All-India Women's Conference is leaving here on Sunday for Calcutta on her way to Bangalore, on an invitation from the Burmese Government to study the status and rights of women in Burma. Shrimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Mrs. Kusum Nair and Mrs. Avasai Wadia, who have also been invited, will join Mrs. Kale at Calcutta.

Prohibition Introduced In Pudukottah

TRICHY, April 1 (A.P.I.): The five mile belt area in Pudukottah bordering on Tanjore and Trichy Districts sent dry at midnight yesterday when 52 toddy shops and 26 other country liquor shops were closed as the first step towards introduction of prohibition in the territory.

THREE HYDERABAD PLAYERS FOR INDIA'S OLYMPIC FOOTBALL TEAM

HYDERABAD (Dr.), April 2 (A.P.I.): N. A. Fruval, captain of the City Police football team and two other players, Mr. Mohan and Mr. Prasad, have been selected to play for the Indians side in the ensuing Olympic games to be held in London during August this year.

TOKIO, April 1 (Reuter): Three Japanese Anglican bishops will visit Britain to attend the Lambeth Conference at the British Government's invitation, it was officially announced today.

PROHIBITION PLAN IN MYSORE

Revenue Loss Of One Crore And A Half Estimated

BANGALORE, April 2 (A.P.I.): The Government of Mysore have launched a programme of introducing total prohibition in the State in a year, and 500 liquor shops located in a five mile belt bordering on the dry areas of the Madras Presidency have been closed down. All shops in Kolar Gold Fields, a predominantly labour area have gone dry, and some of them have been converted into tea shops. In July next, three of the nine districts in the State will go dry and the remaining districts will follow at the end of the next financial year, according to present plans.

Mr. K. C. Reddy, Chief Minister Mysore, inaugurated prohibition in Kolar Gold Fields addressed a mass meeting of labourers. He said that the political freedom that had dawned would have no meaning unless it brought economic freedom in its train. The drink habit had brought ruin to many a family, and the Government had, therefore, decided to ban liquor. Mr. Mohammed Sheriff, Excise Minister and President of the State Muslim League, said that the new Interim Government found the old policy of progressive prohibition at a snail's speed. That policy had now been revised and according to present plans, total prohibition would be introduced in the State "in a year or two at the latest." He added that this would mean a revenue loss of about one crore and a half, but the Government did not mind it, because of the benefits to the common man.

80 MEN BREAK JAIL IN PHILIPPINES

ZAMBOANGA (Philippines), April 2 (U.P.A.): All of the inmates of the San Ramon penal colony, numbering 80, broke jail at 9-30 this morning after a determined and overpowering attack on the prison guards.

The prisoners were reported to be led by an officer facing a charge of treason. Twenty of the jailbreakers are political detainees charged with collaboration with the Japanese.

Radio Telegram Service From Japan Extended

TOKYO, April 2 (Reuter): The radio telegram service to and from Japan via the United States will be extended from April 5 to April 15, additional countries in Western Europe and North Africa it was announced here today.

MILTON REYNOLDS "EN ROUTE" TO U.S.

SHANGHAI, April 2 (U.P.A.): Milton Reynolds, millionaire pen manufacturer, left Shanghai on Friday "en route" to the United States aboard the same plane which forced cancellation of his projected trip to expedition over the mountains of western China.

CEAR'S DAUGHTER MAY LEAVE DENMARK

COPENHAGEN, April 2 (U.P.A.): The Copenhagen independent newspaper, "Information" reported today that Grand Duchess Olga, youngest daughter of the Russian Emperor Alexander III, was leaving Denmark because the Soviet Union charged she actively aided Soviet refugees to resist repatriation.

Another Rebuff To Spain

NO INVITATION TO FREEDOM OF PRESS CONFERENCE

Censorship In Peace Time To Be Ranned Unless For Military Security

GENEVA, April 2 (Reuter): The United Nations Conference on Freedom of Information here today turned down an Argentine proposal that Spain should be invited to send an observer to the conference.

The Philippines Delegate, Dr. Carlos Romulo, President of the Conference, said that to permit the present Spanish Government to send an observer would be in direct contradiction to the General Assembly resolution debaring the Spanish Government from participation in conferences.

The Argentine delegate, appealing for Spanish participation, said that true peace must be built up without excluding anyone.

The Soviet delegates also put forward a clause condemning "narrowly commercial interests of private monopolies" instead of the American wording condemning "all monopolies but particularly those of a Government nature".

This amendment, the first major proposition put before the conference by the Soviet delegation, observers look to indicate the Soviet delegates' intention at present was to confine themselves to making additional amendments to proposals put forward by the Western countries.

The United States delegation proposed the setting up of a permanent United Nations body to make a continuing study of political, economic and other barriers to the free flow of information.

Consisting of 12 experts chosen from Government nominees, the permanent body would report periodically to the United Nations Economic and Social Council.

BATTLE OF MONOPOLIES
An American call for condemnation of all monopolies in distribution of goods and services.

From Mahatma

Satyagraha is gentle, never violent. It must not be the result of anger, malice. It is never petty, never impatient, never vindictive. It is the direct opposite of compulsion. It was conceived as a complete substitute for violence.

A claim that the method of satyagraha is the clearest and the safest, because, if the cause is not true, it is the resistors, and they alone, who suffer.

Love never claims, it ever gives. Love ever suffers, never resents, never revenges itself.

Where Love is, there God is also.

MORE COAL FOR BRITAIN

Miners Decide To Continue Regular Overtime

LONDON, April 2 (Reuter): British miners agreed today to continue regular overtime work for another year to give the nation an additional 200,000 tons of coal each week.

The decision was taken by a majority of 150 miners representatives who met in London to review the overtime scheme which was due to expire on April 30 after six months of operation.

The Mine Workers' Union President, Mr. Will Lawther, said that since its introduction the extra hours plan had added a total of four million tons to the normal coal output. This year's total production target is 211 million tons. Mr. Lawther said that as before individual collieries would have the choice of working an extra shift every second day or an extra half hour each day of their normal five day forty hour week.

ALIGARH SOCIALISTS NOT TO RESIGN

ALIGARH, April 2 (I. P. A.): Socialists from Aligarh seem to be unwilling to quit Congress. The Aligarh District Congress Committee, has been nominated for the Congress candidates for the Chairmanship of the District Board. Thakur Mai Singh, M. L. A., President of the District Congress Committee and a prominent Socialist, together with Thakur Hari Singh and other Socialist leaders are not likely to leave the Congress. Indian Press Association understands, however, some minor members are likely to abide by the Naik decision of the Socialist Party and resign from the Congress.

HELPING MADRAS TO MEET GRAIN DEFICIT

NEW DELHI, April 2 (A. P. I.): To help Madras meet its grain deficit, the Ministry of Food has removed during the last few weeks, the movement of over 1,100 wagons of grain and grain products, valued at 22,180 tons, and 604 wagons of pulses equivalent to 13,880 tons.

ANKARA, April 1 (Reuter): President Inonu today received in succession the heads of the U. S. Naval, military and Air Missions to Turkey, Admiral Seaton Gen. McBride and Gen. Earl Hoag respectively.

117 Central Government Employees Arrested

Calcutta Post & Telegraph Unions Keep Off

Bengal Governor's Appeal To Respect Word Of India's Prime Minister

CALCUTTA, April 2. (A.P.I.): 117 arrests were made by the police today in connection with the strike in Indian Central Government offices in Calcutta, called by the Federation of Central Government Employees' unions, which commenced today.

STRIKERS ADOPTED STAY-IN AND HUNGER-STRIKE METHODS AND DID NOT LEAVE THE OFFICES AT THE CLOSING TIME. THE POLICE FINALLY MADE ABOUT 70 ARRESTS AND CLEARED THE OFFICES OF STRIKERS. EARLIER, 50 PERSONS WHO ARE PICKETING ONE OF THE OFFICES IN BATCHES WERE ARRESTED.

CALCUTTA STRIKE BEGINS

Central Government employees in Calcutta have started their hunger strike and picketing from today as scheduled, the Federation of their Unions announced.

The Federation said it had a membership of 17,000 in 15 Government of India offices in the city.

According to post and telegraph authorities, their offices are not affected by the strike.

About fifty arrests have been made in connection with a demonstration by strikers at one place. No other arrests have been reported so far.

Central Government offices have been under police guards for the past couple of days and since last night these guards have been strengthened.

It is alleged that the strikers picketed the office of the Controller of Army Factory Accounts and obstructed loyal workers. It was here that fifty arrests were made.

The strike is one of the issues of retrenchment pay and allowances.

When the first batch of about a dozen persons, stated to have been picketing the gate of the office of the Controller of Army Factory Accounts, was arrested this morning, their place was taken by another batch, and in this way the arrests went up to about 50.

No incidents have been reported. At one place where a number of hunger-strikers are squatting, there were posters: "We must maintain non-violence at all costs."

Stay-in strike has also been reported from the Accounts Departments of three unions in a statement of the Federation of Central Government Employees' Unions, which have been arrested by the police.

The Governor of West Bengal has made the following appeal:—

"What hope has India, if Government employees do not see the need for patriotic regard to the word of the Prime Minister of India? Comrades, you are killing the golden goose by defying Pt. Nehru. The golden eggs cannot come after you have defied the Prime Minister's authority. There can be no further argument when he says to Government employees, 'do not stop work.' India's soldiers are obeying unto death and are laying down their lives to-day in the field. Will the civil servants raise points and disobey? All arguments can be advanced afterwards. Unconditional resumption of work is now the only path for patriots. It is wrong to say to oneself, 'we have started, we cannot retract now.'"

RANK TREACHERY AND TREASON.

Diwan Chaman Lal, Ambassador-Designate to Turkey and President of the Federation of Post and Telegraph Unions, who is now in Calcutta, expressed satisfaction to-day that the vast mass of Central Government servants in Calcutta obeyed Pandit Nehru's call to stand by the Government "in spite of the regrettable action taken by a limited number of employees in certain departments of the Central Government."

In a statement, Diwan Chaman Lal said that whatever pistols they could hold at the head of the Imperial Government, could not now be held by them at the head of the People's Government. "Any such attempt in the circumstances of to-day is tantamount to rank treachery and treason," he added.

What was needed was co-operative effort to overcome all our difficulties, including those faced by the unemployed, with this object he was ap-

Sourashtra Govt. Assumes More Powers

Public Security Ordinance Promulgated

RAJKOT, April 2. (A.P.I.):—The Sourashtra Government have by an Ordinance promulgated last evening, acquired powers to arrest any person without warrant, detain him without trial and restrict his movements generally.

This Ordinance, known as the Sourashtra State Public Safety Measures Ordinance, will apply to the whole of the Sourashtra Union and has received the assent of the Rajprathi, the Jam Sahib of Nawana-gar.

The Ordinance will be brought into force by a notification in the Government Gazette.

Under the Ordinance Government will have complete powers of arrest, detention or restriction of movement of any citizen or declaration of any business or employment as essential service.

Provision also exists for the imposition of collective fines and restriction of dissemination of news or propaganda.

Complete indemnity is given to police officers any acts committed by them in the discharge of their duties under the Ordinance.

Wage Board To Study Standardisation

(Continued from Page 1)

Employers' VIEW-POINT

Stating the view-point of employers, Mr. Chaudhary Parikh declared that difficulties were bound to be experienced in the working of the committee as their functions were to be of the widest nature.

Employers did not object to their being set up provided they were carried on in a manner beneficial both to themselves and to the workers. He apprehended that the labour leaders in the Committees might act in a destructive and irresponsible manner. The members of the Committees were one-sided and he urged their modification.

Replying to the debate, Mr. Nanda said whatever was sought to be done through the amending Bill was what was promised long ago. He explained that the measure was not aimed at doing away with the level of wages and did not look forward to establish standards of conditions or production. This was only to regulate industrial relations in the province.

However, he continued, the Bill in an effective measure set up the machinery to which workers can have recourse for getting fair wages, though there might not be uniform standards for guiding the courts.

It had been asked why employers should be compelled to set up joint Committees. His reply was that at present there was a lurking fear and reluctance in the minds of employers that the functioning of the Committees may worsen matters. This was in contrast to Government's conviction that the Committees would help them to prevent many difficulties and help them to settle disputes. Out of their working opportunities for compromise and understanding were sure to arise, with resultant better production.

The Minister will continue his speech when the House meets on Saturday morning.

PERSONNEL OF WAGE BOARDS.

The Bill to amend the Bombay Industrial Relations Act provides for the establishment of Wage Boards for each industry in the province, consisting of an equal number of members nominated to represent the employers and employees in the industry and also some independent members nominated by Government.

The Industrial Court would have general superintendence over the Boards. When dealing with industrial matters of local interest the Wage Boards would be empowered to act through small committees with attached members from the local area. The decision of the Wage Board would be subject to an appeal to the Industrial Court. Provision is made for review by the Wage Board of its decision at intervals of not less than an year.

The Provision for Joint Committees which is permissive at present, it is contended, has not produced satisfactory results on account of the attitude of employers. Power is therefore taken by the Provincial Government on an application made to it by the registered union, to direct the constitution of a Joint Committee. The order of the Government would prescribe a time limit for employers to nominate members to the committee and failure to comply would be penalised. It is also proposed to give the Industrial Court powers for dealing with contempt of court.

The SSIC Board which will "relieve the University of the burden of conducting the matriculation examination is empowered to make regulations for the conduct of the examination, prescribe syllabuses, text books etc. and will also be responsible for the award of certificates. The examination will be called the Secondary School Certificate Examination. While providing that the curriculum for this examination should not be lower than the present matriculation standard, a wide choice of optional subjects including vocational subjects will be given to students. The University will be required to accept this examination as an adequate test for admission to University courses, though the Universities might prescribe certain examinations as subjects etc.

The Bill was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to report by June next.

INDIA'S 'WEST POINT'

National War Academy To Be Established At Kharakvasla

NEW DELHI, April 2. (A.P.I.): The Government of India have decided to establish a National War Academy at Kharakvasla near Poon, announces a Defence Ministry Communique.

The Communique says: The Government of India have given careful consideration to the report of the Committee that was appointed in May 1945, to prepare a scheme for the establishment of a Military Academy to train future officers of the R.I.A.F. and the Indian Army and the R.I.A.F. and have accepted the recommendations of the Committee to establish a National War Academy at Kharakvasla near Poon.

Candidates between the ages of 15 to 17 years will be eligible for admission to the Academy, which will be solely on the basis of merit. The course at the Academy will be common for three years which will be followed by further training for two years in the particular arm which a candidate wishes to join. Candidates who are matriculates or possess equivalent qualification and are between the ages of 15 to 19 years will be eligible to compete for admission to the first course which is expected to commence in January 1949; admission will be solely on the basis of merit. The age of admission to subsequent courses will be announced later.

Allocation Of Portfolios In Matsya State

ALWAR, April 1. (A.P.I.): According to a notification in Gazette Extraordinary of the United States of Matsya the following distribution of portfolios has been made among the six popular Ministers.

(1) Chief Minister: Sri Shoa-ran, Finance, Customs and Excise, Jails, Municipalities, Secretariat and General Administration Departments.

(2) Education Minister: Sri Yugakishore Chaturvedi, Education, Printing and Stationery Publicity and Jails.

(3) Public Works Minister: Sri Bholanath Public Works, Communication, Electricity, Town Improvement, Guest House, and Garage, Buildings and Furniture.

(4) Development Minister: Sri Chiranjil Sharma, Agriculture, Forest, Co-operation and Rural Reconstruction.

(5) Commerce Minister: Dr. Mangal Singh, Commerce, Trade and Industries, Mines and Quarries, Medical and Public Health, Veterinary, Local Self-Government, Joint Stock Companies and Registration of Associations.

(6) Commerce Minister: Dr. Mangal Singh, Commerce, Trade and Industries, Mines and Quarries, Medical and Public Health, Veterinary, Local Self-Government, Joint Stock Companies and Registration of Associations.

Shri Brijbala Sharma, and Shri Surayashwaroop and Captain Ram-singh, have been appointed as Secretaries to Matsya Government.

ARSENIC PACKET INSIDE U. SAW'S WRISTWATCH

RANGOON, April 2. (Reuter): The authorities at Insein goal have discovered a small packet of arsenic hidden inside the wristwatch of the Burmese Premier, U. Saw, who is to be hanged on April 9 for his part in the assassination of the Burmese Cabinet Ministers last Summer, it was stated here today.

The wristwatch had been returned to U. Saw after repairs. U. Saw's application for an appeal to the Supreme Court against the death sentence is likely to be filed next week, but nothing has yet been officially announced.

SAHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent.)

SAHMEDABAD, April 2. Market fluctuated erratically on both sides. General trend to sell at times. Some export new burden of taxation in the form of levy on Ter-tile Companies. Crash in Arvind was the main feature today on nervous liquidation as Arvind Mills Ltd. announced one preference share of 100 Rs. to its shareholders against general expectation of one bonus share free to shareholders. Closed quietly steady: Calico Opened 1245, Highest 1279, Lowest 1238, Closed 1272.

Arvind Opened 1670, Highest 1710, Closed 1678, Lowest 1638, Ambika Opened 377, Highest 390, Closed 388.

Defiant Opened 1480, Highest 1620, Closed 1519.

Closing quotations: Arvind 1676, Ambika 385, Calico 1272, Jupiter 402, Defiant 1519, Arvind 1678, New Commercial 1210, New National 556, Ashok 675, Mahalaxmi 382/8/0, Old Commercial 748/12/0, Nutan 55/8/0, Cotton 520.

KUTCH HUNDI

BRUJ, April 2. Ra. As. Hundi Buying 303 0 Hundi Selling 304 0 Gold 106 0

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK, April 2. Opening prices:— Anaconda Copper Mining dol 35-7/8. General Motors dol. 54-7/8. United States Steel dol. 47-7/8. United States Steel Common dol. 74. Pre-ferred 34-1/2. (Reuter).

Will Assam Be Cut Off From India?

Pakistan Police & National Guards Seize Indian Dominion Postal Bags

CALCUTTA, April 1. (A.P.I.): The fear that Assam would soon be cut off from the rest of India if the present state of affairs in respect of communications was allowed to continue, was expressed by a former Minister of Assam, Mr. Rohit Kumar Choudhury, in an interview today.

Mr. Choudhury, who is a member of the Inter-Dominion Boundary Commission now meeting in Calcutta, was referring to the reported seizure of 406 postal mail bags of the Indian Dominion by Eastern Pakistan Police and National Guards as well as the difficulties of passengers.

RUSSO-FINNISH TALKS

Aasikivi To Give Fresh Instructions To Mission

HELSINKI, April 2. (U.P.A.): A Russian plane from Moscow bringing two members of the Finnish delegation on a secret mission arrived at 11 a.m. (G.M.T.) today.

A political spokesman avoided commenting on their trip on the grounds that the treaty negotiations situation is too serious to permit it. The two members are Urho Kekkonen and J. O. Soederhjelm.

It is believed they would confer with President Paasikivi and Parliament leaders and return to Moscow soon with new instructions for the negotiating mission.

RUSSIA'S TRADE TALKS WITH ITALY

MOSCOW, April 2. (U.P.A.): A Tass communique announced today that the Soviet Government is prepared to begin discussions in Moscow with Italy for the conclusion of agreements on trade, navigation and reparations.

He said the Soviet Government considered the Italian communication of March indicated Rome's readiness to negotiate. It said a delegation was here for that purpose.

INCREASES IN ITALY

ROME, April 2. (U.P.A.): Pre-election violence increased here today. A Left-Wing labour union leader was slain and two others were wounded seriously in less than 24 hours after the Communist leaders threatened a nation-wide strike because of the wave of assassinations of Communist union officials.

The slaying of Calogero Cangialosi, Secretary of the Left-Wing Agricultural Workers' Union, in a midnight machinegun ambush near Trapani, Sicily, was the 12 killing attributed to the tension arising from the national elections. He was the 36th Communist leader slain in Sicily in two years.

Only yesterday the Communists held a conference in Palermo to discuss the killings of labour leaders and ordered the Confederation of Labour to stage a one-hour national work stoppage, April 8, unless the mysterious disappearance of Placido Rizoto was solved. Rizoto was believed to have been the information posted 500,000 lire for information as to the whereabouts of his "assassin."

SLOVAK DEMOCRATIC PARTY LEADER ESCAPES

PRAGUE, April 2. (Reuter): Dr. Michael Zism, Slovak Democratic Party Deputy, who had been deprived of Parliamentary immunity to be prosecuted for "anti-state activities" has escaped abroad by swimming a frontier river, it was officially announced today. Six people who helped him to cross the frontier have been arrested and six more, including a member of the National Security Corps, will be prosecuted for the same offence.

Food Flown In For Americans In Berlin

BERLIN, April 2. (U.P.A.): Twenty-three American freight planes arrived at Tempelhof Aerodrome at noon today with food supplies for the 10,000 American troops in Berlin. The Russian stoppage of military planes was ended.

Ten more planes were expected by nightfall. Earlier this morning the first American passenger planes arrived in Berlin from Frankfurt.

The passengers reported the flights were uneventful.

So long as Russia insists on stopping military trains to Berlin for inspection, American air force officers were prepared to operate an aerial supply line into the bomb-battered Tempelhof aerodrome once one of the world's great airports which is gradually assuming a pre-war aspect.

Tempelhof is situated in the middle of the American zone in Berlin where there are approximately 10,000 troops, military Government workers, businessmen and newspapermen.

Freight plane pilots said they flew in military formation from Frankfurt and approached the border of the Soviet zone.

Then they split and crossed the Russian zone at five minute intervals. American pilots saw NO "EVERYTHING WENT OFF ROUTINELY" said Lieutenant L. G. Eakes who piloted one of the planes. "We didn't even see a Russian plane on the way."

The Russian were C-47 Dakotas carrying an estimated 4,500 pounds of food each. The planes arrived without fighter escort.

Despite British reports that Russian fighters had buzzed American Berlin bound planes in the past few days, air force authorities at Frankfurt said today: "There is absolutely nothing to report." Fighters are based and serviced at Frankfurt. Officials there said no Russian fighters buzzed American planes flying between the American zone and Berlin. However, commercial airline crews at Frankfurt said American air force planes had flown close to their craft. The air force denied it.

MAKING CAPITAL OUT OF GODHRA EPISODE

Bombay Govt. Deplores Mischievous Reports Being Circulated In India And Pakistan

BOMBAY, Friday. "It has been brought to the notice of the Government of Bombay that deliberately mischievous and exaggerated reports of the recent disturbances in Godhra are being circulated by irresponsible elements in India and Pakistan," says the Director of Publicity, Bombay, in a press note to-night.

The press note adds that "a frank, full and unvarnished statement of facts concerning the unfortunate events that occurred in Godhra on March 25 and thereafter, was made by the Home Minister of the Government of Bombay in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on the 27th inst."

"In his statement, the Minister gave the total casualties from all quarters as 18 dead and 25 injured. He then estimated that between 600 and 1,000 houses had been burnt down mostly due to the strong wind that sprang after the conflagration started. All the communities have equally suffered in the fire."

"No further incident has been reported and the work of reconstruction of normal life has been actively taken in hand by all communities. The Muslims who left the town during the scare, have been gradually returning to Godhra."

"It is highly deplorable that political capital is sought to be made out of this unfortunate episode in some quarters."

Soviet Fighters Dive At Br. Planes On Way To Berlin

(Continued from Page 1.)

by at Gatow airport in the British Sector of Berlin to evacuate British women and children from the City were called "absolute nonsense" by a British spokesman here tonight.

"No such preparations have been made and no such step has been considered," he stated.

WATER TRAFFIC ALSO SUSPENDED

All inland water traffic into or through the Soviet Zone from the British Sector of Berlin has been suspended. British control authorities announced tonight.

The suspension was caused by Soviet refusal to accept as valid documents carried by large ships. These documents have been accepted as valid since 1946.

INCIDENTS MULTIPLY IN BERLIN

British Troops Surround Russians Till They Retreat Through Narrow Lane

BERLIN, April 2. (U.P.A.): Incidents multiplied in Berlin today.

Milk was rationed to children in the American sector as the first effect of the Russian blockade began. General Lucius D. Clay defied the Russian blockade and ordered food planes to start a shuttle service schedule. Seven and one-half tons of goods were brought by the first two American planes landing at Tempelhof airport last night.

A powerful British armoured group forced the Russians to remove road blocks set up within the British zone late yesterday. British authorities established a plane and bus transport service with the western zone.

Russians arrested last night one American national in the British zone but released him after 18 hours.

Several conferences were held but there was no sign of a change on either side.

More than 400 British troops supported by nine armoured cars and five light tanks surrounded 20 Russians who set up a road block in the British sector near Gatow airport in western Berlin. The British cut the Russians off, leaving them only a narrow lane through which they could retreat to the Soviet zone. The Russians retreated through this lane at midnight without incident, apparently on orders from higher authorities.

Milk was rationed to pregnant women and children by the army commission when supplies were endangered by the Russian rail block at Marienborn.

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"Labour Must Accept Due Obligations"

B. C. Mehta's Plea To Workers At Millowners Meeting

BOMBAY, Friday.

"If labour want rights and privileges, they must first accept their due obligations and duties. Persons or organisations who claim to speak on behalf of labour, must be in a position to deliver the goods and to implement the decisions," observed Mr. Bhagwanadas C. Mehta, retiring Chairman, at the annual general meeting of the Millowners' Association held this morning.

RISE IN TEXTILE PRICES LIKELY
Mr. Mehta prophesied that the price of textiles would continue to shoot up. He explained:

In Bombay, the cotton textile industry is burdened with over six crores of rupees in the shape of increased wages, increased dearness allowance and increased bonus to workers. The prices of cotton, stores, machinery and spare parts are continuously mounting up. Since June, 1946, the industry has been suffering from an increase in the price of cloth to offset the increased costs. The matters were unfortunately allowed to drag on and it was only in January of this year that there was a control and an inadequate increase in the prices of cloth were agreed to.

On the much debated question of nationalisation versus private enterprise, Mr. Mehta said: "There is a practical aspect which has also to be considered. In State-management and control of industries, one mistake on the part of a bureaucracy would cause huge losses for the whole country whereas in the case of private enterprise there is the necessary corrective of competition and even if there are mistakes, it only affects the individual company."

Mr. H. G. H. Everitt, Director of W. H. Brady & Co., the Deputy Chairman of the Millowners' Association who followed Mr. Mehta suggested forming a Central Organisation which would co-ordinate the views of all the federated bodies connected with industry and commerce on broad matters of general policy and place them before the Government.

NEW DELHI, April 1. (APD): A scheme for dealing with surplus stores frozen for the purpose of rehabilitation has been prepared by the Rehabilitation and Development Board.

Current Photoplays

New West End Story of a Poet

There was a time when a new Shantaram picture was considered an event in Indian filmdom. That time, however, seems to have disappeared. Nevertheless, MATWALA SHAIR RAMJOSHI, while not comparable to his director's great efforts of the past, does in many ways recall the faded grandeur.

Ever a stickler for good story material, the producer has here chosen a tale full of dramatic interest. The picture is, actually, a character etching of a figure prominent in Maharashtra literary history—the poet Ramjoshi.

The hero sets out by opposing orthodox tooth and nail. He succeeds in his purpose and from an unknown becomes a celebrity revered as "the people's poet". But success goes to his head, and he becomes a drink addict; his poetry loses its pristine force and he forgets his old friends.

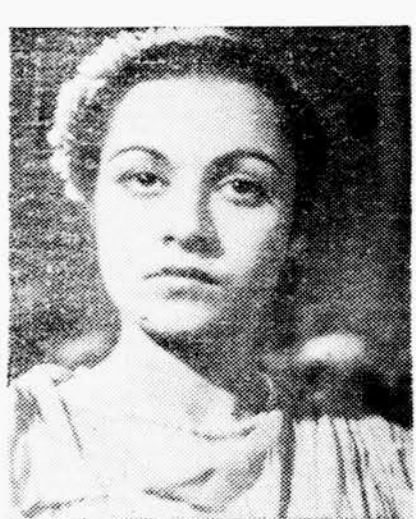
After portraying the man's moral disintegration, the film goes on to show, in the usual manner, his eventual redemption in which love, of course, plays its part.

Shantaram has selected for his cast no top-notch names, unless one puts Hansa into that category. The Hindi version has Mannohan in the title role played by Jairam Shiledar in the Marathi film.

Features of the film are the music of Vasant Desai and the songs of Narendra and Niranjan.

Kamal

NEW RELEASE
Sarvotam Badami's latest picture, MUNI-MUNI, will be released today. Apart from the news that the cast is



Veena, star of "Samrat Ashok".

composed of Ragini, the ever-popular Jaijai, Sabita Devi and E. Billimoria, and that the songs have been contributed by Madhur and set to music by Kamal Das Gupta, the advance report is singularly uninformative. There is something radically wrong with the publicity department of many production units which often omit to give one even an inkling as to the plots of films awaiting release. This state of affairs should forthwith be remedied.

Royal Opera House HISTORIC PAGEANT

Historical films with all their trappings of colourful costumes and over-the-top sets, seem to captivate the masses. In K. B. Lal's SAMRAT ASHOK, there is enough decorative excess on which to feast the eye. But, in addition, there is an interesting story dealing with a few episodes in the life of the great ruler.

We see Ashok as a ruthless conqueror who gloats over the ruin of the stricken Kalinga. Into his life comes a Buddhist girl who points out to him the error of his ways and succeeds in showing him the path that leads to his becoming a humane ruler.

While the sumptuous settings dwarf the characters and detract from the story, the Buddhist doctrine of love for every form of life and abhorrence of violence, manages to come across.

Sapru is certainly not my idea of the great Ashok. It requires a character actor of first-rate calibre to resurrect so mighty a figure. Veena, Shakir, Shamim and Ullhas bring up the glittering cast.



Hansa as she appears in Rajkamal's

"Matwala Shair Ramjoshi."

parting the pair, but their love withstands his evil and Sahiban does not fall into his arms but goes waiting for her lover when he has vanished from the scene.

While Trilok Kapoor may be youthful enough for the role of Mirza, Nur Jehan is certainly not suited, in years, to the part of Sahiban.

Gian Shankar's dance serves to enliven the film. In the supporting cast are Gulab and Baby Anuragi.

Majestic And Taj
VILLAINOUS 'HERO'
Cluttered up with age-old situations and devices, DAK BUNGALOW

MAHA BODHI SOCIETY Half A Century's Work For Propagation Of Buddhism

The goodwill mission carrying the relics of the great Buddhist saints Sri Sariputta and Maha Moggallana to Burma has been largely the work of the Maha Bodhi Society of Ceylon and India. It was this leading Buddhist organisation which first appealed for the restoration of the relics, and it was into the Society's custody that they were finally delivered. The idea of the exposition, in Ceylon and Burma also originated with the Society, and its treasurer, Dhammapala Thera, together with several prominent members, accompanied the Mission.

The Maha Bodhi Society has worked for the propagation of Buddhism teaching and ideas in India for the past 50 years. It has centres in Calcutta, Bombay, New Delhi, Sarnath and elsewhere, and publishes two monthly magazines, "Dharma Dutta" in Hindi, and the "Maha Bodhi Magazine" in English. The latter has a world-wide circulation and numbers among its contributors the leading Buddhist scholars and authorities. The Society also maintains schools, free dispensaries and other social services. At Sarnath the free dispensary serves the rural population in an area where there is no other medical service within a radius of five miles. It receives a yearly grant of Rs. 1,000/- from the Health Department of the U. P. Government and its annual expenditure averages Rs. 10,000/- the balance being provided by the Society's Charities Fund. At this dispensary alone 20,000 cases are treated yearly.

The centre at Sarnath, which is a place of pilgrimage for Buddhists from China, Ceylon, Burma, Bhutan, Indo-China and Tibet, also runs a free primary school and high school. The latter is to be raised to the status of a college as soon as sufficient funds are available. For this purpose one lakh of rupees is urgently needed to extend the building. The Dhammapala Jyana Orphanage, also at Sarnath, provides care and education for destitute children, and is in need of financial support to continue and extend its work.

In Calcutta, the headquarters of the Society in Bankim Chatterjee Street maintains permanent social services, and has been providing emergency relief measures for those stricken by riots, famine and floods in Chittagong. Clothes, medicine and food have been distributed, and shelter given to those rendered homeless. Milk canteens are open in various parts of the city. The Calcutta Centre has played a great part in meeting the immediate needs of the population in times of stress. Each of the Society's principal branches has a reading-room and library, and runs a book-agency dealing in books relating to Aryan religion, culture and education. Lectures on Buddhism are given by the resident Bhikkhus, and Buddhist temples and dharma-shalas are established at Sarnath, Bombay, Calcutta and other places. At Allahabad two acres of land have recently been donated to the Society for the establishment of a centre, and it is hoped in the near future to build a Vihara, library and reading-room on the site.

KIDWAI QUILTS U.P.C.C. COUNCIL

LUCKNOW, April 2. (APD): Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai, has resigned from membership of the Council of Provincial Action Committee and the Parliamentary Board of the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee, the Associated Press of India reliably understands.

A CHARMING ARTISTE

DAMAYANTI JOSHI, whose picture appears alongside, was once a member of the MENAKA BALLET with which she toured Europe. She has, since, turned into a free-lance and has performed, up and down the country, at various conferences as well as public and private shows.

Damayanti's recent appearance in Calcutta under the patronage of the Governor of Bengal, is said to have captivated her audience. Next week, she is to dance at the Dehra Dun Dance and Music Conference.

This charming, petite Kathak dancer, who attracted attention at the Vikramaditya Dance Festival held at the local Excelsior in 1945, has her own ideas of dancing as a choreographic art. Says she: "Art, if it is to be vigorous and purposeful, must spring from an artist's heart-felt understanding of the people's lives, their joys and their sorrows. My ambition is to live up to this ideal and to carry it further in the new India of today."

turns out to be a dark affair indeed. The characters are all too familiar. There is the erstwhile artist, a rake, whose hat is too big for his head and his purse meant only for carnal pleasures; there is the coy village maiden looking seductive but behaving like a virgin and finally to complete the off-drawn triangle there is the zamindar's son who is actually shown as a selfish person!

To provide humorous relief, Sadiq the director, has resorted to slapstick which is indulged in by the three comic godfathers of the rustic belle.

Wasti is quite in his element as the artistic rake, but Suraiya manages to be merely wooden as the oh so pure girl! Gope provides his brand of comedy that depends on vulgarity to raise laughs.

"SARDI" REVIEWS OUR SCREEN

Lamington
FIGHT FOR FREEDOM

The first upsurge of the Indian freedom movement is depicted by Mohan Sinha in his 1857. Against the background of the historic mutiny, is played out a drama that, however, is not strong enough to match the canvas. Moreover, the crowd scenes are somewhat confused and serve to push the story off the screen.

Suraiya plays the part of a dispossessed princess who takes up work in the house of an evil Nawab, an ally of the East India Company—a role enacted by Wasti. Menaka, Shyam Sunder and Shakir are others in the cast.

The picture is potent with possibilities that have not been sufficiently explored. The costumes and some of the sets are noteworthy features of the production.

EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY
Mr. K. C. Neogy, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, said in reply to a supplementary by Mr. R. K. Sidhwa that a committee of officials from India and Pakistan had made unanimous recommendations in regard to exchange of property. The report was under careful examination and would be considered at ministerial level.

Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh: Is there not a world of difference between the spirit in which the Pakistan Government implements decisions and in which we implement them?

RESCUE OF ABDUCTED WOMEN
Prof. Sakseena asked whether Government were aware that a large number of young abducted Hindu and Sikh women were in possession of Zamindars and other rich and influential

these minerals, so the price will have to be set by the Government.

"I cannot say at this time what the price will be. This is a matter of Government policy and any announcement will have to come from the Government itself. We hope that an announcement will be made shortly."

"I believe that the price will be such as to offer a real incentive to mining companies and to prospectors to prospect for and develop these mineral deposits. Within the limits of the established price, private industry will be able to operate with same profit incentive as in the mining of other materials and metals."

Commenting upon Mr. Bateman's statement, the Toronto newspaper the "Northern Miner" wrote:

"Radio-active minerals, chief of which is uranium, have been added to the precious metals as the prospectors' star of the future."

"Already, some of the older and more experienced prospectors have acquired 'lucky ground' on the strength of anticipations that restrictions on the private ownership and private development of uranium claim would shortly be permitted. Now, it develops, definite encouragement will be given this phase of prospecting."

"With the announcement of the removal of Government restrictions from the ownership and development of fissionable materials, a new era has opened for the mining industry."

"While continuing to look for gold, silver, copper, nickel, lead and zinc, the Geiger counter readings which denotes the presence of radio-active materials."

FREE LICENSING OF SILK FABRICS
NEW DELHI, April 2. (APD): In pursuance of their general policy of liberalising exports, the Government of India have decided to continue the free licensing of indigenous silk fabrics for export to all permissible destinations, including Pakistan, says a Press Note. They have also decided similarly to license freely the export of indigenous art silk fabrics. The present decision will remain in force till September 30, 1948, when a further review of the position will be made.

Questions In Parliament

India Govt. To Build Million Workers' Houses

JAGJIWAN RAM'S REVELATION: INDO-PAKISTAN AGREEMENT ON EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY

NEW DELHI, April 2. (APD): The Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjiwan Ram said in the Dominion Parliament to-day that Government were engaged in working out the details of a programme to provide a million workers' houses of approved design. In the case of miners a beginning had already been made and the first 1,000 houses which the Government were constructing in the coal-fields of Jharia were expected to be ready in the course of a year.

For few employees had, however, provided houses for their workers in the textile and jute mills out in such housing schemes, he said, only a small proportion of the total number of workers had been accommodated with the result that many workers had to live in slums. Even where houses had been provided they were mostly single-room tenements, unventilated, overcrowded and insanitary.

In the mining industry the employers had provided dwellings known as "dohrahs" for housing a considerable proportion of the miners but housing conditions there also left much to be desired.

The programme was for constructing 50,000 houses for coalminers in about five years. The latter scheme was financed through the levy of cess on coal.

Mr. Rao asked whether compensation allowance was given to workers where no industrial housing facilities were provided.

The Labour Minister said that from his report of the Labour investigation committee it would appear that, generally speaking, no such allowances were being paid.

Government, he said, felt that the giving of advice would not be enough. As already indicated, they were considering a housing scheme to which in accordance with the resolution on industrial truce adopted at the Industries Conference, Government, Employers and Labour would be required to contribute in suitable proportions.

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one of the stages in the development of the raw film industry was "casting" of the film from solutions. The first "film casting" plant had already been imported into the country and installed by a firm in Calcutta for the production of transparent film. Every assistance was being given to this firm and its progress watched. It was proposed to go further into the question of establishment of photographic film industry in India after it had had some success on its plant.

Before a plan could be formulated for the production of raw films, a large number of auxiliary industries would have to be established.

Raw cinematograph films worth over Rs. 38 lacs were imported during April-July 1947.

"RED" BACKING TO PALESTINE JEWS
Arms And Volunteers Secretly Find Their Way Into Zionist Areas

JERUSALEM:— Concurrently with the meetings of the Political Committee, the Military Committee, composed of representatives of Syria, Lebanon, Taha Pasha Hashim (Inspector-General of the Arab Liberation Army), Ismail Safwat Pasha (C-in-C of the said army), and Haj Amin eff. Hussein (Chairman of the Arab Higher Committee) last week took place in the city of Jerusalem. While their decisions remain secret, it is understood that the question of resorting to the use of artillery by Arab Liberation army units operating in the country was seriously contemplated. The employment of fieldguns, it is stated, would be restricted temporarily against those Jewish areas which first employ them.

Informal circles here do not hesitate in forecasting the start, in the near future, of operations against Haganah (Jewish Defence Organisation) strongholds on a larger scale than known hitherto, and thus commencing the execution of the general plan for the liberation of Palestine. This decision it is revealed, springs mainly from reliable information before the Military Committee of the existence of a SOVIET army brigade with 100 staff officers assisting him, who have taken over command

of Jewish forces in Northern Palestine. They are stated to be quartered in the large communal settlement of Nahalal, SE of Haifa, at the "mouth" of the Plain of Esdraelon.

JEWISH DELEGATION FOR MOSCOW
This information is strengthened by reports of the departure of a Jewish delegation allegedly also representing Jewish Agency circles for Eastern Europe and Moscow, whose mission is to seek formal understanding with the Soviet Government and recognition of the envisaged Jewish state.

There are also intelligence of the unloading of large quantities of arms and war material—including 12-ton tanks—at the port of Tel Aviv arriving chiefly from Black Sea ports.

Ismail Safwat Pasha, C-in-C of the Arab Liberation army told our correspondent that the dangers threatening not merely Palestine, by the Arab Arab and international peace lay in the "forty thousand" Jews eagerly awaiting May 15 next (the date of the British withdrawal) in order to swarm into Palestine from Black Sea ports. If these Jews were to land, they would find thousands of their brethren who came from "Red Europe" and established a Communist bridgehead for them."

BRITONS ASKED TO QUIT PALESTINE
Holy City To Be Split Into Four Zones To Safeguard Those Who Stay On

JERUSALEM, April 2. (Reuter): Jerusalem is to be divided into four zones linked constantly by radio, to safeguard Britons remaining after the British mandate ends on May 15.

First radio tests will be made within the next week and all Britons are advised to keep close to their sets.

Announcing this today, Mr. S. J. Jordan, a British businessman and Chairman of the British Community Council in Jerusalem, warned Britons having no "deep roots" to leave before May 15.

He told 150 British residents attending a meeting of the Council that April 15 was the last day the Government was prepared to offer facilities to leave the country.

After termination of the mandate, Mr. Jordan added, the Government expects "serious trouble" in the Holy City.

Emergency food and fuel supplies sufficient to last the British community in Jerusalem for two or three months have been laid in as a security precaution in the event of the Holy City becoming a "battleground" after May 15.

If necessary Britons will concentrate in two "safe havens", St. Andrew's Church of Scotland and St. George's Anglican Cathedral and enclosure.

One World: One People

Mudaliar Wants Code Of Journalistic Ethics

GENEVA, March 28. "What we have to examine at this Conference is how to remove in every country those impediments to free gathering and free dissemination of news whether they come from one source or from another and how to attain that perfection which will enable all people to receive correct information not only about themselves but about their neighbours all over the world," observed Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Leader of the Indian Delegation, speaking on Monday afternoon at the U.N. Conference on "Freedom of Information." He was addressing the Committee and the Conference set up to consider the "Basic tasks of press and other media of information and basic principles of freedom of information."

Sir Ramaswamy said: "The last war proved that no country is so far from another country that we need not concern ourselves about it; that no people are so distant that we may disinterest ourselves in them. It is one world, it is one people, it is one humanity towards which the whole creation is moving and if there is lack of freedom of press, if there is not true information conveyed in one country, then it reacts on all countries."

"There are countries where Governments still feel that restrictions have to be imposed."

Today I speak on behalf of a Free India and I trust that Russian and other Delegations will realise that I am speaking with an independent voice.

INDIA'S STAND
I do not propose to refer to anything that has happened in the past. Neither would I elaborate on the constitution that is now in the making in my country. But I may as well say for the information of the Honourable delegates who are gathered here that my people and my Government believe in Freedom of Information. They want to ensure complete freedom of information as far as possible subject only to those well-understood limitations bearing on Public morality, Public decency and the ordinary state of the people themselves—limitations which are intended to serve the purpose of ensuring the freedom of the individual for which a free press exists. Beyond that we do not want to lay any limitations."

Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar continued: "Rights and obligations, privileges and duties go together. Therefore wherever it is the press or film or broadcast, in ensuring all the rights that they should have for a proper dissemination of information on the widest basis possible, there should also be an enactment that the responsibilities are adequately understood. If it is considered that responsibilities go with these rights the question then arises how should these responsibilities be discharged, by whom should they be

enforced, and what are the conditions which make it possible for these responsibilities to be realised and for them to be enforced?"

Advocating Code of Ethics for Journalists and Allied Professionals, Sir Ramaswamy stated: "Professional ethics in medical profession is well-known and well-laid down. There is a Medical Council which regulates professional ethics, which sees to it that those who follow that profession conform to these ethics, which is the code of honour prescribed for that profession. It is moreover a disciplinary body which enforces the observance of that code of honour. It is the same in the profession of Law. And it is too much to expect only the other has come to a similar code of honour could be drawn up for the learned professions of journalism? Cannot my journalistic friends, beyond the Associations that they may have, have a body of rules to regulate their own conduct? I think the time has come when they should take that step. I believe that this body of Journalists, rightly-educated, cultured, wide in vision and having a sense of honour, can regulate their conduct and have power to pull up members who err."

PLEA FOR INTERNATIONAL BODY
"We are concerned not only with internal freedom of information. We are even more concerned with the interpretation of one people to another. It is not altogether an impossibility to read of a correspondent being expelled. Who is to judge that that expulsion is justified or not? If there was an Association of Correspondents who deal with news sent to foreign parts they could make their own decisions and recommend the expulsion of a correspondent if they found it necessary."

"If that is accepted I would like to go a stage further: perhaps there could be an International Body which would examine the complaints of Governments and take the opinion of Journalists' Associations."

POTENTIAL FACTOR FOR PEACE
Concluding Sir Ramaswamy said: "There is one other point to which I should like to refer. I have attended many conferences but I venture to feel that this is a unique conference in so far as it comprises all those organisations which are concerned with moulding and shaping and formulating public opinion—in fact, all those organisations which are really responsible for the outbreak of war or for the maintenance of peace. Let us not say that this nation is war-mongering and that another nation is not war-mongering. All of us must share responsibility. Do not believe that war is inevitable. I feel that man's common sense will not permit war. But it shows how necessary it is that a conference like this must see the signs that may emerge for a possible conflict and try to avoid that conflict."

'Businessman's' Solution For Japan's Economic Ills

TOKYO, April 2. (U.P.A.): The Draper Mission left for the United States to-day to present the United States Government with a "businessman's" solution for Japan's economic ills.

Sources close to the mission, headed by Under Secretary of the Army William Draper, in the final report probably will make the following points:

Firstly, Japan must be made self-supporting to reduce occupation costs. Secondly, Japan must be done with American aid even before peace is signed.

Thirdly, Japanese reparations must be settled as soon as possible.

Fourthly, Japanese trade with

foreign countries must be expanded. Fifthly, Japan's shipping must be rebuilt. Sixthly, controls on business must be removed.

Seventhly, the United States Congress must appropriate at least \$100,000 for Japan during the 1949 fiscal year.

Eighthly, the United States must not freeze Japan's industrial capacity at the 1939-40 level. Japan cannot live through her own efforts without starting up war industries.

Lastly, Japan's trade should not be restricted only to America.

FIVE CRORES MORE FOR PLANTATION LABOUR

Unanimous Decision For Increased Wages

NEW DELHI, April 2. (A.P.I.): Nearly Rs. five crores a year will be paid as increased wages to the workers in Indian plantations as a result of the unanimous agreement reached today in New Delhi at the concluding session of the Tripartite Industrial Committee on plantations.

It was agreed that the increased wages should be paid from May 1, 1948.

The Committee also decided that the wage question should not come up in its future meetings and will only be decided by the Wage Boards that may be set up in consultation with this Committee.

The Committee was attended by 8 representatives each of Government, Central, Provincial and State employers and workers.

SAURASHTRA MUSICAL PARISHAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, April 2. The Saurashtra Musical Kala Parishad will be held here at Rastriyashala on 30th inst. and 1st and 2nd May, under Kaka Saheb Kalekar's presidency. Sangit Samrat Onkar-nathji Thakur will attend the annual Musical Samarambha of Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya will also be celebrated on those days.

INVESTIGATION INTO ARAKAN TROUBLE

RANGOON, April 2. (Reuters): U Nyo Tun, Burmese Information Minister, was to-day appointed head of a Special Committee to investigate the causes of dissatisfaction on the part of the people of Arakan towards the Government.

Troops have been stationed for some time in Arakan, western strip of Burma, to deal with widespread lawlessness accompanying demands for a separate State.

Both the Karens—Burma's largest racial minority—and the northern Kachin tribesmen demand separate States.

Live Up To India's Tradition

NEW DELHI, April 1. (A.P.I.): The Royal Indian Air Force celebrated its 15th anniversary with an impressive parade this morning. Air Vice Marshal S. Mukerjee, Chief of the Air Staff and Air Vice Marshal commanding the R.I.A.F. took the salute. The R.I.A.F. band was in attendance.

Those present included Mr. R. K. Ramdhani, Joint Secretary, Defence Ministry.

The Chief of the Air Staff in his brief address recalled with pride the humble beginnings of the R.I.A.F. in 1933 and reviewed the progress the following years had witnessed. He said that the achievements that had filled the story of their growth were remarkable. The second world war saw a tremendous "expansion in India's young air force. The R.I.A.F. distinguished itself in the strenuous battles on the Burma front and crowned itself with glory.

Marshall's Call To Latin Americans

Urges Them To Aid Rehabilitation Of Europe

BOGOTA (Colombia), April 1. (Reuters): Mr. Marshall, the United States Secretary of State, declared tonight that the \$3,000,000,000 extra allocation requested from Congress earlier today by President Truman, for United States military establishments, was "to save Western Europe."

Mr. Marshall was addressing the Pan-American Conference here. (President Truman had authorised Defence Secretary, Mr. James Forrestal, to prepare detailed estimates for the extra sum for the fiscal year 1949 to June 1949, which was, he said, "necessary to enable us to meet our international responsibilities."

He also asked Congress for \$750,000,000 for the fiscal year 1949 to enter into long-term contracts for strategic and critical materials.

Mr. Marshall called on Latin America to aid in the rehabilitation of Europe after warning that "human rights and liberties are blotted out in Europe, they will be increasingly insecure in the new world as well."

He said: "We have encountered the determined open opposition of one group of states. If the genuine co-operation of the Soviet Union could be secured, world recovery and peace would be assured. Until such co-operation is secured we must proceed with our own efforts."

"My Government has assumed heavy responsibilities in this undertaking but we cannot do the job alone. We need the understanding and the co-operation of other nations whose objectives are the same as ours."

END COLONIALISM

BOGOTA (Colombia), April 2. (Reuters): The Argentine Foreign Minister, Senator Juan Atilio Bramuglia, called upon the Pan-American Conference here today for an end to "colonialism in the Americas."

"Making no reference to my country's dispute with Britain over the Falklands dependencies he nevertheless insisted "it is not possible for us to step back to an epoch of colonialism in either the political or the economic field. We must never accept the principle of foreign hands in control of the Americas."

Senator Bramuglia called on the larger nations of the hemisphere to give financial aid to the smaller ones. He said: "We must never accept a direct challenge to Washington to offer large scale assistance to Latin America."

RAJKOT SABHA LEADERS RELEASED

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, April 1. Sir H. V. Divatia, Chief Justice of Saurashtra, has ordered the release of Hindu Sabha leaders Valji Nathwani and Narandas Poon on bail in the sum of Rs. 5,000 and surety in like amount on the conditions that they should not take part in public activities and should not leave Rajkot without permission.

BALDEV SINGH'S TRIBUTE TO R. I. A. F.

NEW DELHI, April 1. (A.P.I.): Sir Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, broadcast from the all-India radio today on the occasion of the fifteenth anniversary of the Royal Indian Air Force said: "While a whole nation gasped in fear that the worst might befall us in Kashmir, the valiant and everything the armed forces needed and thus saved the beautiful valley of Kashmir."

The nation, he added, could not identify itself with the steadfast loyalty for safeguarding the freedom of the country.

ADMISSION TO DEHRA DUN MILITARY COLLEGE

Candidates in Bombay Province desiring admission to the Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, should submit their applications to the Collectors of the Districts in which they ordinarily reside or to the Collector of Bombay in the case of Bombay City) so as to reach them not later than April 15, 1948. They must have attained the age of 11 years and be under 12 years on the date of the commencement of the term, i.e. August 1, 1948. Forms application for admission are obtainable from the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home Department, Secretariat, Bombay.

MYSORE CONGRESS STANDS FOR KARNATAK UNIFICATION

BANGALORE, March 31. (A.P.I.): The All-Mysore Congress Committee which concluded its two day session passed without debate a non-official resolution assuring full support to the formation of United Karnataka.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S ASSENT TO TWO BOMBAY BILLS
The Governor-General of India Dominion has assented to the Bombay Land Reclamation Schemes Bill, 1948 and also to the Bombay Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Bill, 1948, which have now become laws and have been published in the Bombay Government Gazette of April 1, 1948 for general information.

RANGOON, April 1. (Reuters): More than 5,000 employees of four British-owned companies including the Burmah Oil Company, today called off their month old strike.

Kashmir front and its exploits would enshrine the pages of history. The Chief of the Air Staff expressing his confidence that the R.I.A.F. would give a good account of itself.

FOR RETAINING INDIA AS MEMBER

'Economist' Suggests Changes In British Commonwealth

LONDON, April 2. (Reuters): The independent weekly "Economist" today proposed changes in the character of the British Commonwealth and a change of name to the United Commonwealth of Nations as a means to encourage India to retain membership.

"There can be no doubt that there is a strong sentiment in Indian political circles for asserting complete formal sovereignty and going outside the Commonwealth altogether," the paper declared. "What is decided it will be accepted here as India's free choice."

"Pakistan were to remain in the Commonwealth and India left it, the result might be very unpleasant for the other Commonwealth nations."

The paper suggests giving the most careful consideration to the possibility of modifying a structure which has already been through many transformations so as to adapt it as may be required by new circumstances in a changing world."

The article then suggested that the word "British" might be dropped from the title "British Commonwealth" so that nationalists should not be able to see in the name any indication of continuing subjection to Britain.

The paper continued: "However unpalatable it may be to some, it must also now clearly be recognised that the Commonwealth can include both monarchies and republics, and formal allegiance to the Crown is not a necessary condition of membership. The King desires no unwilling subjects and the Commonwealth can and must be large enough to include nations which have chosen a republican form of Government."

The "Economist" also suggested that a system of arbitration for disputes within the Commonwealth was urgently necessary. The United Nations Organisation could not be taken away."

BILL TO AMEND BOMBAY RENT CONTROL ACT

A Bill to amend the Bombay Rents, Hotel and Lodging House Rates Control Act, 1947, has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette of April 2.

The amendments proposed "inter alia" seek to make more explicit the intention underlying section 10 of the Act, viz., that the rent should be payable from the tenant in cases made by local authorities in rates and taxes from time to time and also to check the practice adopted by many owners of hotels and lodging houses to take advance charges for unduly long periods.

HINDI LANGUAGE EXAMINATION

The Provincial Board for education in Hindustani has recommended to the Government that the "Praveen" examination of the Maharashtra Rashtrabhasha Sabha, Poona, should be recognised as equivalent to the "Rashtrabhasha Kovid" of Prayag. It has also recommended that the "Prabodh" examination of the same Sabha should be similarly recognised. The Government of Bombay has accepted these recommendations.

GOVT. DISCLAIMS SUPPORT TO MOTOR WORKERS' CONFERENCE

The Maharashtra Motor Kamgar Federation has circulated leaflets and announced through the Press that in connection with a Conference of Motor Workers organised by the said Federation, the Government of Bombay through the Provincial Transport Officer, has promised the support and also assistance for the Conference. It is further claimed that Transport Authorities would prevent victimization of workers if they stayed away from work to attend the Conference. The Government has no such promise and without any foundation. The Government has not supported or promised assistance to any Union of Motor Workers.

The Government also wishes to make it clear that it will not encourage anything which is likely to cause a dislocation of services resulting in inconvenience to the travelling public.

Congress Sevika And Kumarika Dal

All Sevika and Kumarika are hereby requested to attend the general meeting which has been called today at 4 p.m. at the Congress House. Instructions about the A.I.C.C. will be given.

SOCIALIST PARTY (BOMBAY): A meeting today at Nappu Gardens at 9 p.m. to protest against the Security Act. Purnesham Trikamdas will preside and Com. Asoka Mehta, R. K. Karanjia and Com. Harris will address.

RECEPTION TO MAULANA HIFZURRAHAM SEWHARI: Maulana Hifzurrahman Sewhari General Secretary Central Jamiat-ul-Ulmal Hind is arriving in Bombay on Sunday, (tomorrow) to supervise the arrangement of the 15th session of the Jamiat and will be held in Bombay on that is going to be held in Bombay on 27th and 28th April, 1948. He will be accorded a public reception at the Santa Cruz aerodrome.

VARTAK TO VISIT WADA

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, will leave Bombay for Wada on Thursday District on Saturday April 3, and after opening an Agricultural Exhibition at Mokhada he will return to Bombay on Sunday.

Tragic End Of 8-Year Old Boy

Needle Breaks While Giving Injection

BOMBAY, Friday. A city doctor while giving an injection to his patient Natwaria Menchun aged 8, of Lower Pare, an injection needle gave way, nail of it, it is alleged, getting stuck on the right thigh of the boy. The boy was removed to K.E.M. Hospital where he died yesterday.

It appears that the boy was being treated by the doctor, for some disease, and was already given some injections, during last few days. The dead body has been sent to the J. J. Hospital morgue, for post mortem. Inquiries are being instituted by Delisle Road Police.

ALLEGED ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE

Hasimrat Jhamandas, a Sindhi refugee youth of 20 years, sick of vain wanderings in the streets of Bombay in quest of a job and driven by despair attempted to commit suicide by swallowing a lump of copper sulphate.

Soon after, the youth vomited and suffered from excruciating pain and became unconscious. He was taken to the Chhatrapati Shahu Hospital where he soon recovered consciousness.

The youth was then handed over to police who took him to a police hospital.

Breach Of Rationing Orders Alleged

Ebrahim Rajamahal Amentally was put under arrest, yesterday, by Bombay C. I. D. for alleged failure to notify his absence from Bombay, and his ration having been drawn during his absence.

(Produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Police Court, the accused was released on bail.)

Importing Rice Without Permit Alleged

For an alleged offence of attempting to import 15 payles of food grains, one Greater Bombay on an invalid permit, P. K. Mathura was put under arrest by Bombay C.I.D. at Jogeshwari Barrier, yesterday.

For a similar offence, Amarchand Chundil Jarwalla was arrested at Ghatkopar Barrier. It is alleged that he attempted to import 15 payles in excess of what was permitted.

Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Police Court, released the accused on bail.

SCHOOL MISTRESS MYSTERIOUSLY DIES

Mystery surrounds the death of Miss Aloo B. Doctor, a teacher, Khatu building, Cooperside. It appears she died of "diarrhea and nausea" on March 29.

The Calaba police, on enquiry, have learnt that some others in the house also have died of the same disease, some days back and one is still under treatment.

Post mortem will be held today.

The Commerce Graduates' Association: 30th Annual Report

The 30th annual report for the year ended December 31, 1947 was passed the annual meeting of the Association held at its office on March 31, 1948.

The Association arranged for a number of lectures and conversational meetings during the year under review on several subjects of topical interest.

The Association addressed two important representations to the Government of India (1) for giving preference to the Commerce Graduates in the recruitment of Trade Commissioner Services and (2) to remove the ban on admission of Commerce Graduates to the Indian Administration and Foreign Service Examinations.

The meeting terminated after passing the report and the annual statement-of-accounts and the appointment of the new Managing Committee.

Two Indian Workers' Delegates For Paris

Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee and Shri Somnath P. Dave, the two Indian Workers' Delegates to the I.L.O. Committee on Chemical Industries will be flying from here on the 15th to attend the first session of the Committee which is being held in Paris.

Dr. Banerjee is an ex-President of the INTUC and Shri Dave is the Secretary of the Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad. Both are actively connected with trade unions in the Chemical Industries.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, April 2. The Governor of Bombay received Mr. Bebbington, Mr. Madhavi M. Bhatt, The Hon. Shri R. G. Soman and Mr. E. F. Groombridge.

HINGNE WIDOWS' HOME

Record Of Half A Century's Welfare Work Among Women

The 52nd annual report of the Hingne Stree-Shikshan Samstha, (formerly The Hindu Widows' Home Association), Poona, shows that the institution has been expanding its activity in recent years. At the Hingne Centre, the number of pupils has gone up from 393 to 453 and the number of inmates in the hostels has increased from 368 to 409. During the year under report a sick room and sanitary arrangements were made to the Sir Sassoon David Building built two years ago for destitute children.

At the Satara branch, the Kanyashala completed 25 years of its existence last June. The number of pupils which had gone above 525 was slightly affected due to the plague epidemic and the total strength is now around 500.

FOUNDERS' JUBILEE

Dr. D. K. Karve, founder of the institution, completed 50 years on April 18. Towards the end of 1946 the institution celebrated its 50th anniversary.

I. L. O. COMMITTEE ON CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES

Dr. Banerjee and Mr. Dave To Fly To Paris On April 5

BOMBAY, April 2 (A.P.I.): Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerjee and Mr. Somnath P. Dave, the two Indian Workers' Delegates to the I.L.O. Committee on Chemical Industries will fly from here on April 5 to attend the first session of the Committee in Paris.

Dr. Banerjee is an ex-President of the I.N.T.U.C. and was Minister for Labour, Industries and Commerce, West Bengal in Dr. P. C. Ghosh's Cabinet, while Mr. Dave is secretary of the Textile Labour Association, Ahmedabad. Both are actively connected with trade unions in the chemical industries.

The present session of the Committee which opens on April 7, is expected to last about ten days and its agenda includes problems of the chemical industries in the light of the recent events and changes, conditions of labour and the organisation of industrial relations.

Dr. Banerjee and Mr. Dave will visit Great Britain and other countries in Western Europe to study the Labour Movement in those countries.

PAITHAN LAWYERS BOYCOTT COURTS

BOMBAY, April 2 (UPI): Mr. V. B. Patki, a prominent State Congress worker was arrested at Guldurga Station and was forthwith sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment, according to information received here.

Balwant Rao, a student worker of Hyderabad State, has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. A report from Paithan town, in Hyderabad Deccan, states that lawyers have boycotted the courts there, by way of protest against the present regime.

D. P. H. Course Restarted In Bombay

The Government of Bombay has decided that ex-service Medical Officers, who are admitted to the D. P. H. course at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, should be given the concession of exemption from the payment of tuition fees for the course and that out of the 12 seats available at that college for the D.P.H. course, 4 seats should be reserved for ex-service officers on the condition that if any of the reserved seats remain vacant for want of applications from ex-service officers, they will be filled up by civil candidates.

As the D.P.H. Course has been restarted at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, it is considered unnecessary to reserve any seat at the All India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, for ex-service officers of this province. Therefore, if any ex-service officer desires to go to Calcutta for the D.P.H. course, he should apply direct to the Head of that Institute under the terms announced by it and he will have to bear all the expenses of the course himself.

BLIND BOY "YOGI"

A correspondent from Mulund writes: The city of Bombay and particularly the suburb of Mulund (G.P. Ry.) is fortunate to have the opportunity of listening to the recitations of the Vedas, Upanishads, Bhagwat, Bhagwatgeet, Ramayana, Mahabharata etc., from a wonderful boy aged 13, a born-blind yogi. The boy's father is but an ordinary farmer of the village of Yeoni in the district of Jhansi in U.P. and has not been given any kind of education whatsoever. The boy—Swami Radhacharan can be seen at Gita Sadan Mulund.

Montessori International Congress

The Eighth International Montessori Congress—and the first after the Second World War—will be held at Sanremo, a city on the beautiful Italian Riviera, from November 1948. Dr. Montessori and Signor Mario Montessori who have been invited have consented to lay the foundation stone of the First Montessori University in Italy, and in the world, which is to be established during the Congress. The theme of the Congress will be "Man's formation in the world's reconstruction."

Golden Jubilee of the institution celebrated and the Silver Jubilee of the Satara Kanyashala will be celebrated in the near future. Some substantial donations were received during the year. The Kirkee Gymkhana Club sent a donation of Rs. 3,500. The only alarming feature of the institution's glorious activities is its unsatisfactory financial position. The institution is still in debt to the tune of about Rs. 35,000 on account of capital expenditure, such as purchase of land and construction of buildings. In spite of all efforts to increase the income and effect all possible economy in expenditure, the budget for the year 1948 discloses a deficit of about Rs. 6,000.

The progress of such an institution doing useful social work for the last 50 years should not be hampered for want of sufficient funds. Support of the public in any social activity is essential and in the case of this institution it is absolutely necessary.

DANGE DETAINED

Rule Issued By High Court (Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Coyajee)

Z. H. Siddique Versus The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, & another. Respondents. This was a "habeas corpus" application praying for the release of Shripad Amrit Dange, a member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and a member of the Central Committee of the All-India Communist Party and President of the All-India Trade Union Congress who was arrested in the early hours of the morning of 2nd April, 1948, under an order made by the first respondent under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act. No notice under Section 3 of that Act giving the grounds of detention was, however, served upon him at the time of arrest. The petitioners submitted that no such notice was served upon the detenu because the Commissioner of Police had not at the time of making the order any material on which a valid order could be made against the detenu.

The petitioner stated that it was a stereotyped order made for the collateral purpose of suppressing the legitimate activities of the Communist Party in India, and in order to prevent the detenu from carrying on his work in the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

During the month of March, 1948, the detenu strongly criticised the arbitrary powers with which the Government was empowered under the proposed amendment to the Bombay Public Security Measures Act.

His Lordship ordered the issue of a rule against the respondents to show cause why the detenu should not be set at liberty. His Lordship made the Rule returnable for argument on 7th April, 1948 and ordered the detenu to be produced in Court on that day.

Mr. R. M. Patel instructed by Messrs. K. J. Kale and Co. appeared for the petitioner.

Progressive Group Office-Bearers

The annual general meeting of the Progressive Group was held at Green's when Mr. S. K. Karanjia, solicitor, was elected President, Mr. B. N. Anklesaria, vice-President, Miss Sylla M. Spencer and Mr. M. D. Jepheth, Jt. Hon. Secretaries and Mr. J. F. Kapadia, Hon. Treasurer.

The Group has a successful year of activities. Distinguished visitors addressed the Group from time to time and among them were H. E. Sir John Colville, ex-Governor of Bombay, H. E. Mr. Mangalaks Pakvasa, Governor of C. P. and Berar, Chief Justice Mr. C. P. Chagla, the Hon. Mr. B. M. B. G. Khan, Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Mr. Krishna Menon, Dr. Henry Grady U. S. Ambassador in India, Mr. A. D. Shroff and numerous others.

SYRIAN BISHOP IN CITY

Police Swoop On City 'Reds'

DANGE AND MIRAJKAR AMONG 7 ARRESTED

5-Hour Comb-out Between Colaba And Borivli

A five-hour combing of the city from Colaba to Borivli, commencing at three a.m. this morning by a special posse of the City Police, culminated in the arrest of seven members of the Communist Party of India, including M.L.A. and a City Corporation. Mr. S. A. Dange, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, and Mr. S. Mirajkar, a City Corporation member, were among those arrested.

Others detained under the same act were Balraj Singh of the B. B. and C. L. Railway Union, N. R. Deshpande of the H.M.I. Dockyard Union, Prithamsingh Uthamsinh, Samuel Augustine and Shankerlingam.

Military have been posted at Railway Workshops at Parel and Matunga and other industrial nerve-centres in the north of the city. All the city mills and workshops are working normally and no untoward incidents have been reported so far.

The Police, it is learnt, were in readiness to round up members of the Communist Party of India and for this purpose had prepared a long list of names, the finishing touches to which were given only late last evening.

From nightfall yesterday Black Maras lined up at the Police Headquarters and the C.I.D. office and picked parties of officers and policemen both in uniforms and 'muffs' spent a sleepless night to start operation 'Red' which commenced exactly on the stroke of three.

The Police who rushed from residence to residence of members of the Communist Party and the Party's offices interspersed between the Khet-Khet-Khetin to the Khet-Khet-Khetin Union at Parel were, however, as said, badly disappointed when many of the 'quarry' marked in their list were found missing.

DRIVE INTENSIFIED
Though the drive to round up the missing Communists has been intensified, it is felt in authoritative circles that at least some of the important men on the Police list have gone underground.

Mr. Dange only the other day at a press conference held in the City had given a broad hint that members of Party would be forced to go underground if there was concerted action against the Communist Party in the country.

The Bombay round up which closely followed the one in Madras yesterday had, it is said, already made the City Communists wary.

The local 'Kremlin' which was closely guarded by the Police, this morning presented a deserted appearance and so did the offices of the Communist journals, the 'Peoples' Age', the 'Lok Yoj' and allied publications.

The arrests were effected under Section 12-Clause Ia of the Public Security Measures Act.

POONA ARRESTS
POONA, April 2 (A.P.I.): Six members of the Communist Party were arrested in the morning under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act and taken to the Yeravda Central Prison.

From among those arrested are: Mr. K. N. Phadke, Mr. V. B. Purnadar and Mr. R. G. Karhadkar. SAMPANNA MUDALIAR ARRESTED
RAMESHWARAM, April 2 (A.P.I.): Ramnath police yesterday searched the house of Mr. Sampanna Mudaliar a Communist and Secretary of the S. I. Railway Labour Union. Mantrapam, and arrested him under the Public Security Measures Act. Mr. Sampanna Mudaliar has been sent to Central Jail, for detention.

SIX NAGPUR REDS GO UNDERGROUND
NAGPUR, April 2 (A.P.I.): Six of the Communist leaders in Nagpur, who are 'wanted' under the Public Security Act are said to have gone underground and have been asked to surrender by District Magistrate of Nagpur by April 7. Their arrests had been ordered in connection with the one day strike on March 16 last in the Province.

13 ARRESTED IN JULLUNDUR
JULLUNDUR, April 2 (U.P.I.): Thirteen Communists have so far been arrested in Jullundur City. Warrants of arrests, it is learnt, have been issued against about 35 other Communists who are understood to have gone 'underground.'

The 'Peoples' Publishing House' and the office of the East Punjab Students' Federation in Jullundur, were also raided by the police yesterday, but nothing incriminating was found.

AT HOSHIARPUR & LUDHIANA
Eight Communists have been arrested at Hoshiarpur.

Sardar Satwaj Singh, member of the provincial Communist Party executive, is also reported to have been arrested at Ludhiana.

The round-up of Communists continues all over the province.

RED HUNT IN E. PUNJAB

SIMLA, April 1 (U.P.A.)—The East Punjab police raided the headquarters of the Provincial Communist Party of India at Jullundur in the early hours of this morning and carried out an extensive search of the premises. In the absence of any Communist member there, the police broke open the locks and, after a thorough search,

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Municipal Crematoria

Sir,—In 1920, when Mahatma Gandhi presided at a Social Reform Conference in Ahmedabad, the following resolution was passed, "To lessen the hardships felt by families of the dead and the community at large, this Conference advises every community to reform the method of funeral parties by substituting the hearse for removing biers and the method of disposal of the dead, by introducing scientific crematoria in every Indian city."

Will not the Municipalities of Delhi or Bombay give lead to the other Municipal towns, to provide the public with crematoria and thereby, help to drive away the remaining factors of communalism?—Yours, etc., C. TEJAPAL.

Rajkot, March 28.

Plague In The City

Sir, Plague has broken out in Bombay on account of our city's 'awfully bad' insanitary condition. Like cholera the disorder known as bubonic plague is directly caused by insanitary conditions and it is to their removal and not to anti-plague inoculation that we should look for its abolition.—Yours, etc.,

WORLD CITIZEN.

Holidays In Government Offices

Sir,—It is mystifying to find that holidays granted to the public are not observed by Government offices themselves. Since the Congress took office in January the Government suddenly find that Government offices have too many holidays and that they must be reduced.

Apart from religious holidays, even the holidays notified under public holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act for purposes of elections are not allowed by some Government offices. One such is the Naval Accounts Office, Bombay. The Government of India has a holiday for the bye-election for the public, but the members of this office were asked to furnish a written declaration individually that each one was an elector and then one was allowed two hours' leave to go to the polling booth.—Yours, etc.,

MUNCHERJI S. TARAPORE.

Where Is Meher Baba?

Sir,—Can any of your readers kindly let me know where is the 'Silent Saint' who calls himself Meher Baba. It was more than once announced in this paper that he was going to broadcast his silence and 'Divine Message' to this suffering world. It was announced in many of his publications that he would speak the 'World' during the World War when it was being waged most furiously and bring about permanent peace in this world. The last that was heard about his breaking the silence was in December 1942 when it was given out that he would produce the message. The Albert Edward Institute in Poona.—Yours, etc.,

OLIVER TWIST.

Gandhiji Memorial

Sir,—Gandhiji had often stated that he did not desire statues etc. to be erected in his honour. His work had been always to uplift the poor and the oppressed. What the country needs more today is many more hospitals for the poor and more beggar homes.

Already funds are pouring in lakhs to several organisations. The best way to utilise these funds will be to build more hospitals and beggar homes so that the poor will benefit. And at the same time this will be the greatest honour to the memory of our Bapuji.—Yours, etc., M. S. NARAYANASWAMY.

Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank Ltd.

Sir,—The operations of Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank Ltd., immediately after the commencement of hostilities came to a stand-still and were subsequently vested in the Custodian of Enemy Properties and during the existence of the hostilities and even now the company is being managed by Messrs. F. Ferguson and Co. It is a pity that despite the cessation of hostilities as far back as 1945, the normal operations of the company have not been restored and to the detriment of the policyholders and the agents, the company is still being managed by the same firm.

There is a cut of 20 per cent in all payments imposed by the management to policyholders whether by way of claim or by way of surrenders. The remuneration of the agents had been suspended during war and is still not paid despite the war being over.

Though the Government may be busy with various important issues in a changed India, still the vital destiny of this company and the legitimate claims of all those connected with the company, must be determined.—Yours, etc.,

EX-INSPECTOR OF AGENCIES.

Abolition Of English

Sir,—Appropos the recent Government circular to A. V. Secondary Schools asking them to abolish the teaching of English in Std. I to start with, the English teaching schools in Bombay and elsewhere have been given a free-hand to continue English. This defeats the Government's object of providing all children with instruction through their mother-tongue to an appreciable extent, as will be swamped with children for admission, as a large number of parents still retain a glamour for English.

In the absence of a clear perspective of the future set-up in the field

of education, either school will grow in numbers, or they will expand, to the detriment of other schools which will have to admit only a residue of the best boys seeking admission to such schools. The plain course for the Government was either to enforce rigidly the principle that the English teaching schools should admit only those whose mother tongue is English, or to ask them to fall in line with A. V. Schools by starting instruction in a regional language in their lowest classes. The exclusion from the operation of the circular, English teaching schools is thus unfair to other schools, detrimental to the cause of education and defeats the very purpose for which the reform is sought to be made.—Yours, etc., A. L. MAZMUDAR.

Rajkot, March 28.

Remove Restrictions On Milk-Tea

Sir,—Many restrictions and controls over the prices of essential articles have been removed by the Government and it is now an accepted fact that the lifting of the restrictions and controls has given much needed relief to the public. It is therefore desirable that the Bombay Government should remove the restrictions on the sale of milk-tea, which was imposed in February 45, when the Province was being administered under Sec. 93 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The general apathy of the public towards milk powder is too well-known and the Government is finding of recently, it is difficult to supply the full quota of the milk powder to the hotels.—Yours, etc., M. H. VYAS, HON. SEC. Hotel Keepers Association.

T. B. Hospitals In Gandhiji's Memory

Sir,—Bapu always stood for the greatest good of the largest number of mankind. In other words the uplift and well-being of the poor who form by far the majority of India.

Tuberculosis is the biggest health problem of the day and the poorest form the largest number of sufferers, from the disease.

The famine of Bengal which shocked and horrified the world, and for which the British Government was held responsible, was the result of the famine of India, which was the result of the famine of the world.

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given by the Government to allow Homoeopaths to treat cases in the Refugee Camps it will be in the interest of all concerned. The Government will have sufficient opportunity for observing the efficacy of the treatment while the Homoeopaths will have ample scope to prove his worth.—Yours, etc., P. N. PAI.

Mysore And I. N. A.

Sir,—The Mysore Government has recently reinstated I. N. A. personnel of their State into their Army. On this occasion, Major-General J. K. Bhonsale, Chairman of the I. N. A. Advisory Committee, sent to the Hon'ble Chief Minister, Mysore State, the following message of thanks.

"As Chairman of the I. N. A. Advisory Committee, allow me to convey my grateful thanks to your Government for your bold and generous act in reinstating some of the I. N. A. personnel in the State Forces. It is a sure sign that the Government is showing a strong sense of responsibility that devolves on them. It is also a sign that the Government of India, the Government of Mysore State and the Government of India to follow.—Yours, etc., J. STRACEY, General Secretary, I. N. A. Enquiry & Relief Committee.

Grow More Food

Sir,—The Food Minister, Central Government, had bluntly admitted in the Indian Parliament, that the campaign to 'Grow More Food' has failed, one of the reasons being the difficulty of obtaining manure. If that is so, it is surprising to note, there is no ban on the export of bones and bone meal which are essential plant foods, and they are allowed to be exported to foreign countries to the detriment of the prior agricultural needs of our country.

I have been writing in the press from time to time about prohibiting the export of bones, crushed bones, hides, tanned hides, dried meat etc., since I brought to the notice of the Bombay Government, in my paper read before the First Agricultural Conference held at Poona on 29th September 1939. No steps were taken by the Government to prohibit the export of these commodities all these years in the interest of Indian agriculture. The result is that the soil becomes too poor to yield more crop on account of the drain on its essential plant food. Growing crops from year to year, without plant food being replaced by local manure such as crushed bones and cattle dung has impoverished the soil. The former are being exported and the latter being used as fuel by villagers on account of their poverty and rigid forest rules.

Agricultural and milch cattle are being allowed to be slaughtered indiscriminately by Government from year to year to produce a few interest-captives, who deal in the export of bones, crushed bones, hides, skins, tallow, dried meat etc., to foreign countries. Cattle are slaughtered more for exporting these items, than for daily use. The indiscriminate slaughter of milch cattle affects the supply of milk, thereby causing rise in the prices of milk.

The villagers should be made to realise the importance of the use of farm yard manure and crushed bones, which go a long way in producing more yield. No efforts have been made to dissuade farmers from using cattle dung as fuel, for the campaign carried on, on present lines does not reach the villages, which are actually concerned with the growing of crops.—Yours, etc., "GENTLEMAN FARMER".

POINTS FROM LETTERS

MR. BURJOR J. SHEROFF, writes criticising Mr. S. A. Dange for expressing his loyalty to the Government on the floor of the Legislative Assembly and draws attention to the hyper-sensitiveness of the present Legislature, with regard to the use of words parliamentary and otherwise.

R. B. BIZANI, writing from Kolhapur says that, after the decontrol of cloth, the stamping of prices on cloth entails hardship on dealers. As the price of cloth has gone up and customers insist that they sell cloth at the stamped price.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Better Tone

CALCUTTA, April 2 (A. P. I.): The Calcutta Stock Exchange today showed better feeling round all sections on fresh buying. A fair turnover took place.

Following are today's final transactions up to 2.30 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. Paper 97/14, Three per cent Loan 1935-36, Three per cent Loan 1936-37, Three per cent Victory 1937/10/14, Three per cent Defence 1940/52/10, Three per cent Loan 1935/35 99/10.

BANKS: Bengal Central Bank 11/3, Hind. Bank 98/4, United Commercial Bank 58/12 (ex. Div.), C. O. TONS: Benares Cotton and Silk 7/10, Cawnpore Textiles 10/3, Muir Mills 298, New Victoria Ord. 4/7.

COALS: Bengal 512, Aurkhar 20/10, Central India 7/14, Equitable 40, New South Wales 26, Nats. 22/15, West Jamnagar 30, Lakurka 20/12, Ranee-gunge 17, Seazole 11/8, Sendra 10/5.

Standard 16/8, JUTES: Alliance 263 S. Lot, Anglo-India 311, Bally 298, Budge Budge 390, Howrah 267/8, Kankarnahar 508, B. & B. 266, Nats. 22/15, Freuden-berg 6/14, C.T. Barnagar 251 S. L., Chittavalah 25/8, Kama-nasty 66, Megna 141, Nellimara 2/10.

Jesop and Co. 20/8, Kumardubai 9/4, Marhabad 6/10, National Iron 7/14, Steel Corp. Ord. 24/8, Ditto Pref. 12, M. S. Mistry 8/10, S. Mistry 8/10, Consolidated 1/1, Indian Copper 2/11, Tavy Tin 1/3, Dalmia Cement 5/11, Sonay Valley Cement 5/11.

Calcutta Electric 25/8, Anglo Brothers 21/4, B. I. Corp. 5/12, Calcutta Tramways 20, C. O. T. 2/9, Eastern Gas, Airway 7, Hardine Henderson 168/8, Martin Burn 16/4, National Tobacco 31/4, Rongas Industry 9/14, British Burma 2/9, S. Mistry 8/10, National 10/18, Paper 33, Midnapore Zemindary 10/18, Assam Saws 6/4, India General Navn. 11/4, India Steamship 12/8.

SUGARS: Barampore 5/9, Buland 14/2, Orewa and Co. 11/10, Champarnan 12/8, Debaraha 12/2, C. M. Rangpur 12/2.

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New Chapter In History Of Labour Legislation

Indian Parliament Passes Employees' State Insurance Bill

NEW DELHI, April 2 (A.P.I.): The Dominion Parliament today passed the Employees' State Insurance Bill, which provides for certain benefits to employees in case of sickness, maternity and employment injury.

The Labour Minister, Mr. Jagjivan Ram, said that the bill opened a new chapter in the history of labour legislation in this country. It was the beginning of social security measures. Its scope was limited but the benefits might be expanded and tended to an extent in order to cover the various categories of the working classes in this country. "I am sure," he said, "amidst cheers, that the Corporation, the Provincial Governments and the Central Government will take the earliest opportunity to extend the scope of this bill as soon as conditions permit."

Resuming discussion on the Employees State Insurance Bill, the Dominion Parliament today quickly finished the clause-by-clause consideration of the bill.

NO PREMIUM ON PROMISCUITY
Mr. Naziruddin Ahmed forced a division on his amendment which sought to extend the benefits accruing to families and dependents of employees to illegitimate children dependent upon the employee. He pointed out that in considering his amendment the House should not mix up the question of morality or ethics with the question of social security. He said that the bill should not extend help to such children.

Mr. Thakurdas Bhargava, Saru Ramnath Chettiar and Mr. Hossein Imam, who supported the amendment, pointed out that normally in the industrial areas the workers came long leaving their legitimate families behind in their villages. It was quite possible such workers might contract some kind of intimacy with women in industrial areas and have illegitimate children. Surely the House did not want that the legitimate families of such workers should be disadvantaged. If the amendment were accepted, the result would be that illegitimate children might deprive the legitimate children of the workers of their inheritance in their villages. He did not want to encourage this.

Mr. K. Santanam also opposed the amendment which was lost.

The House also agreed to widen the definition of the term 'family' for purposes of conferring medical benefits to include, in the case of men workers, their dependent parents. This clause had been left over yesterday for further scrutiny and Mr. Anantashyam Ayyangar moved the agreed amendment which was accepted.

During the third reading, the Labour Minister was congratulated by members from all parts of the House for his zeal and enthusiasm in piloting the bill which was so beneficial to the workers of the country.

NEXT STEP
Mr. Anantashyam Ayyangar, who was the first speaker, urged the Labour Minister to follow up the bill by other schemes of social insurance for the workers. He said that the Government should take steps to secure for the workers a comprehensive State Insurance for all Government employees, especially the low-paid employees getting below Rs. 400 per month. The contributions made in full or in part by the insured person. The Labour Minister should also try to extend such a scheme progressively to all other employees not in Government service.

Mr. Bishwanath Das while congratulating Mr. Jagjivan Ram pointed out that the measure had only touched the fringe of the population. Some of the workers, especially in industrial labour stood to benefit under the scheme, but he reminded the House that in the five lakhs of villages in the country there were over 150 million agricultural workers claiming for elementary medical aid.

Mr. B. Shiva Rao endorsed the suggestions made by Mr. Ray yesterday that mere passing of the bill would be useless unless steps were taken to ensure that the provisions implemented by the Provincial Governments. Quoting from past experience, he recalled how in Madras the Workmen's Compensation Act was not properly implemented. The Labour Minister should also try to extend such a scheme progressively to all other employees not in Government service.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the work of quarrying of a portion of Worli hill in Scheme No. 38 and 32 including removal of the excavated materials and construction of the sea wall for a length of 1000' from the end of the existing sea wall at mauana Abdul Ghanar Khan road. The tenders will be received upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on Friday, April 9, 1948.

By order of the MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay. 7983

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

Office of the Milk Commissioner. SEALED TENDERS accompanied by an earnest money deposit equivalent to 10% of the tendered value, are invited for the purchase of the undermentioned supplies. Damaged Milk Powder, etc. Tenders may be for all or any of the items available for disposal or for the whole or part of any one item. Last date for receiving tenders is 5 P.M. on FRIDAY, April 9, 1948. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

The goods can be inspected in consultation with the Milk Manager, Separated Milk Powder Depot, from whom full particulars of the terms and conditions can also be had free on any working day during office hours.

Name of Article	Approximate Quantity
Empty packing cases, 1 Cwt. capacity	1,500
Empty packing cases, Rectangular	960
Tin Drums, 50 lbs. capacity	114
Wooden Barrels, capacity 200 lbs. and 250 lbs.	542
Empty tins, 1 cwt. capacity	1,644
Empty tins, 5 lbs. capacity	135
Empty Cardboard Cartons	9,874
Damaged Skim Milk Powder	6 tons
Damaged Whole Milk Powder	3 tons
Iron, hoops, wires, etc.	1 ton

D. N. KHURDY, Milk Commissioner, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. 7954

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Available ex-Stocks American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 120 (fluorescent tubes and reflectors) Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S. cables all sizes good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985 "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale—American Gunbombs—new condition and all sizes. Price very cheap. Enquiries to Hardward and Electricals Ltd., 19, Strand Road, Calcutta. 8695

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 17. APPLICATIONS INVITED for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, New Delhi. When applying the name of the post, Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7-8 (Rs. 114/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 1st May, 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms are not available. The candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

(1) THREE PERMANENT AND ONE TEMPORARY POSTS OF LABOUR OFFICERS UNDER THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR, NEW DELHI. One post reserved for Scheduled Castes. For the post for which knowledge of Malayalam is essential a Scheduled Caste candidate will be preferred. Women eligible. AGE: Preferably between 25 and 40 years; relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-350-E.B.-30-650-E. B.-30-800. Higher initial pay to candidates with exceptional qualifications and/or previous experience. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) Candidates must be graduates. Preference will be given to candidates who have successfully undergone a recognised training course in social work like that of Calcutta University or the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay. (b) Knowledge of Malayalam for one post. DESIRABLE: (i) Experience of Social or administrative work. (ii) Capacity to handle labour matters with sympathy, understanding and tact.

(2) Four permanent posts of Assistant Aircraft Inspectors (Engines) and 5 permanent posts of Assistant Aircraft Inspectors (Airframes), in the Civil Aviation Department, Ministry of Communications. Two posts reserved for Scheduled Caste candidates, but if no such qualified candidates are available, the best available candidates will be selected. Women ineligible. AGE: Preferably not below 25 years. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 410 p.m. according to qualifications, age and experience.

QUALIFICATIONS: FOR ASSISTANT AIRCRAFT INSPECTORS (ENGINES), ESSENTIAL: (1) Applicants should have undergone apprenticeship training for a period of 3 to 5 years, followed by a total of 3 years practical experience in the works of an aero-engine manufacturer and/or in an engine section of a maintenance repair organisation or in an aircraft technical training unit. (2) They must have held a senior responsible post for a further period of two years in one of the above organisations preferably on inspectional duties. (3) Good general educational and technical training. Applicants below Matriculation standards will not be accepted.

DESIRABLE: Engineering degree or diploma or Ground Engineers' licence. FOR ASSISTANT AIRCRAFT INSPECTORS (AIRFRAMES) ESSENTIAL: (1) Applicants should have undergone approved apprenticeship training for a period of 3 to 5 years, followed by a total of 5 years practical experience in the works of an airframe manufacturer and/or in the airframe section of the maintenance and repair organisation or in an aircraft technical training unit. (2) They must have held a senior responsible post for a further period of two years in one of the above organisations preferably on inspectional duties. (3) Good general educational and technical training. Applicants below Matriculation standards will not be accepted.

DESIRABLE: Engineering degree or diploma or Ground Engineers' licence. (3) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF WORKS MANAGER TAILORING AND CUTTING FOR THE ORDANCE CLOTHING FACTORY, SHAHAJAHANPUR Women eligible AGE: Preferably between 30 and 45 years. PAY: For direct recruits Rs. 600-40-1000-1000-1050-1100-1100-1150 For persons in continuous Government employ since 27th September 1931 and not on post-September 1931 scales of pay and who were in the employ of the Government of India on the 16th August, 1947: Rs. 850-

(4) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER TAILORING AND CUTTING FOR THE ORDANCE CLOTHING FACTORY, SHAHAJAHANPUR Women eligible AGE: Preferably between 27 and 40 years. PAY: For direct recruits Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post graduate degree in Arts or Science of a recognised Indian or foreign University OR a degree in Arts or Science with at least five years experience in the handling of Medical Stores. (b) Experience in care and custody of drugs, dressings, surgical instruments and appliances. (c) A working knowledge of store accounting and experience in handling of about Rs. 100-800 worth of stores. (d) DESIRABLE: Ability to draft correspondence and prepare tenders will be considered an additional qualification.

(5) FIVE ASSISTANT DEPOT MANAGERS AT THE MEDICAL STORE DEPOTS AT MADRAS, BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA. The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650 p.m. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) Degree in Arts or Science of an Indian University. (b) Experience in care and custody of medical stores and surgical instruments and appliances. (c) Experience in the control of labour. Academic qualifications relaxable in cases of candidates possessing exceptional experience of Medical Store Organisation including (b) and (c).

(6) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF FACTORY MANAGERS, EACH AT MEDICAL STORE DEPOTS, MADRAS AND BOMBAY. The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post-graduate degree in Chemistry or Pharmaceutical Chemistry of a recognised Indian or foreign University. (b) Experience in the manufacture and testing of drugs. OR a degree in Chemistry or diploma in Pharmacy with at least ten years' practical experience in the manufacture and testing of drugs in a large concern. (c) Elementary knowledge of Chemical Engineering. (d) Experience in the handling of labour and administration. DESIRABLE: Elementary knowledge of store accounting will be considered an additional qualification.

(7) TWO ASSISTANT FACTORY MANAGERS IN THE MEDICAL STORES DEPARTMENT (ONE EACH AT MEDICAL STORES DEPOTS, MADRAS AND BOMBAY). The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) A degree in Chemistry or Pharmaceutical Chemistry of a recognised University OR a diploma in Pharmacy. (b) Practical experience in the manufacture and testing of drugs. (c) Experience in the control of labour.

(8) SIX POSTS OF HINDUSTANI REPORTERS IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEPARTMENT (INDIA). Women eligible. AGE LIMITS: 25 to 40 years. May be waived in the case of exceptionally qualified candidates. PAY: Rs. 300-20-500. QUALIFICATIONS: (1) Degree in Arts or Science or equivalent qualification. In special cases the holding of a degree in Arts or Science may be waived. (2) Regular apprenticeship for at least five years as a tailor and cutter. (3) At least six years' experience as a cutter of military uniforms in an establishment of reputation. (4) Ability to cut or make a woollen field service uniform and at least five years experience in a position of responsibility in a Clothing Factory, of which one year should have been in a managerial capacity. This period may be concurrent with that given in (3) above.

(9) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER TAILORING AND CUTTING FOR THE ORDANCE CLOTHING FACTORY, SHAHAJAHANPUR Women eligible AGE: Preferably between 27 and 40 years. PAY: For direct recruits Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) Intermediate Arts or Science or Cambridge School Certificate 'A' or equivalent qualification. In special cases, the holding of an Intermediate Arts or Science certificate may be waived. (ii) Regular apprenticeship for at least five years as a tailor and cutter. (3) At least four years experience as a cutter of military uniforms in an establishment of reputation. (4) Ability to cut and make a woollen field service uniform and at least five years experience in a position of responsibility in a Clothing Factory. This period may be concurrent with that given in (3) above.

(10) THREE TEMPORARY POSTS OF DEPOT MANAGERS, MEDICAL STORE DEPOTS, MADRAS, BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA. The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post graduate degree in Arts or Science of a recognised Indian or foreign University OR a degree in Arts or Science with at least five years experience in the handling of Medical Stores. (b) Experience in care and custody of drugs, dressings, surgical instruments and appliances. (c) A working knowledge of store accounting and experience in handling of about Rs. 100-800 worth of stores. (d) DESIRABLE: Ability to draft correspondence and prepare tenders will be considered an additional qualification.

(11) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER TAILORING AND CUTTING FOR THE ORDANCE CLOTHING FACTORY, SHAHAJAHANPUR Women eligible AGE: Preferably between 27 and 40 years. PAY: For direct recruits Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) Intermediate Arts or Science or Cambridge School Certificate 'A' or equivalent qualification. In special cases, the holding of an Intermediate Arts or Science certificate may be waived. (ii) Regular apprenticeship for at least five years as a tailor and cutter. (3) At least four years experience as a cutter of military uniforms in an establishment of reputation. (4) Ability to cut and make a woollen field service uniform and at least five years experience in a position of responsibility in a Clothing Factory. This period may be concurrent with that given in (3) above.

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LIMITS: 25 to 40 years. May be waived in the case of exceptionally qualified candidates. PAY: Rs. 300-20-500. QUALIFICATIONS: Cap-

ability for taking down notes of Hindi and/or Urdu speeches at a speed of 160 words per minute and of transcribing them in both Urdu and/or Devnagri scripts within reasonable time. Capability to report in English at 125 words per minute will be considered as additional qualification. Preference will be given to (i) Graduates of recognised Indian Universities, including those in Oriental languages and (ii) those trained in any Hindustani shorthand and Typewriting Institution or who have served as Hindustani Reporters preferably in a Legislature, or who have experience as a Hindustani Press Reporter. The candidates who submitted application last year in response to the previous advertisement for these posts need not apply again.

(10) ONE TEMPORARY POST OF ASSISTANT FOREMAN, ROLLING MILLS, ORDANCE FACTORY, AMBERNATH. Women eligible. AGE: Preferably 25 to 35 years. PAY: For a direct recruit Rs. 260-10-350 p.m. for a person in continuous Government employ since the 27th September, 1931 and is not on the post 27th September, 1931 scale of pay and who was in the employ of the Government of India on the 16th August 1947: Rs. 315-435, then in the 6th, 8th and 10th year Rs. 450, 470 and 490 respectively. QUALIFICATIONS: (i) Good general education with Matriculation as minimum qualification. (ii) At least 3 years' practical training and experience in hot and cold strip and or sheet rolling of non-ferrous or ferrous metals and alloys in all process stages from 'breaking down' to 'finishing'. (iii) Experience in the control and operation of modern high speed strip rolling mills of both heavy and light types. (iv) Ability of having good control of staff and labour. (v) Must have held a position of responsibility in a supervisory capacity at least equivalent to that of a Chargehand in an Ordnance Factory for at least 3 years. (vi) At the discretion of the appointment committee the academic qualification of matriculation may be relaxed provided the candidate's practical experience is good. (7978)

(11) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER TAILORING AND CUTTING FOR THE ORDANCE CLOTHING FACTORY, SHAHAJAHANPUR Women eligible AGE: Preferably between 27 and 40 years. PAY: For direct recruits Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post graduate degree in Arts or Science of a recognised Indian or foreign University OR a degree in Arts or Science with at least five years experience in the handling of Medical Stores. (b) Experience in care and custody of drugs, dressings, surgical instruments and appliances. (c) A working knowledge of store accounting and experience in handling of about Rs. 100-800 worth of stores. (d) DESIRABLE: Ability to draft correspondence and prepare tenders will be considered an additional qualification.

(12) FIVE ASSISTANT DEPOT MANAGERS AT THE MEDICAL STORE DEPOTS AT MADRAS, BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA. The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post graduate degree in Arts or Science of a recognised Indian or foreign University OR a degree in Arts or Science with at least five years experience in the handling of Medical Stores. (b) Experience in care and custody of drugs, dressings, surgical instruments and appliances. (c) A working knowledge of store accounting and experience in handling of about Rs. 100-800 worth of stores. (d) DESIRABLE: Ability to draft correspondence and prepare tenders will be considered an additional qualification.

(13) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF FACTORY MANAGERS, EACH AT MEDICAL STORE DEPOTS, MADRAS AND BOMBAY. The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post-graduate degree in Chemistry or Pharmaceutical Chemistry of a recognised Indian or foreign University. (b) Experience in the manufacture and testing of drugs. OR a degree in Chemistry or diploma in Pharmacy with at least ten years' practical experience in the manufacture and testing of drugs in a large concern. (c) Elementary knowledge of Chemical Engineering. (d) Experience in the handling of labour and administration. DESIRABLE: Elementary knowledge of store accounting will be considered an additional qualification.

(14) TWO ASSISTANT FACTORY MANAGERS IN THE MEDICAL STORES DEPARTMENT (ONE EACH AT MEDICAL STORES DEPOTS, MADRAS AND BOMBAY). The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) A degree in Chemistry or Pharmaceutical Chemistry of a recognised University OR a diploma in Pharmacy. (b) Practical experience in the manufacture and testing of drugs. (c) Experience in the control of labour.

(15) SIX POSTS OF HINDUSTANI REPORTERS IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEPARTMENT (INDIA). Women eligible. AGE LIMITS: 25 to 40 years. May be waived in the case of exceptionally qualified candidates. PAY: Rs. 300-20-500. QUALIFICATIONS: (1) Degree in Arts or Science or equivalent qualification. In special cases the holding of a degree in Arts or Science may be waived. (2) Regular apprenticeship for at least five years as a tailor and cutter. (3) At least six years' experience as a cutter of military uniforms in an establishment of reputation. (4) Ability to cut or make a woollen field service uniform and at least five years experience in a position of responsibility in a Clothing Factory, of which one year should have been in a managerial capacity. This period may be concurrent with that given in (3) above.

(16) THREE TEMPORARY POSTS OF DEPOT MANAGERS, MEDICAL STORE DEPOTS, MADRAS, BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA. The posts are temporary, but likely to be continued for some years. Women ineligible. Maximum age limit 30. Relaxable for Government servants. PAY: Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (a) A post graduate degree in Arts or Science of a recognised Indian or foreign University OR a degree in Arts or Science with at least five years experience in the handling of Medical Stores. (b) Experience in care and custody of drugs, dressings, surgical instruments and appliances. (c) A working knowledge of store accounting and experience in handling of about Rs. 100-800 worth of stores. (d) DESIRABLE: Ability to draft correspondence and prepare tenders will be considered an additional qualification.

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(18) TWO TEMPORARY POSTS OF ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER TAILORING AND CUTTING FOR THE ORDANCE CLOTHING FACTORY, SHAHAJAHANPUR Women eligible AGE: Preferably between 27 and 40 years. PAY: For direct recruits Rs. 350-350-380-380-E.B.-30-590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. This scale is subject to revision when Government orders are issued on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. QUALIFICATIONS: ESSENTIAL: (i) Intermediate Arts or Science or Cambridge School Certificate 'A' or equivalent qualification. In special cases, the holding of an Intermediate Arts or Science certificate may be waived. (ii) Regular apprenticeship for at least five years as a tailor and cutter. (3) At least four years experience as a cutter of military uniforms in an establishment of reputation. (4) Ability to cut and make a woollen field service uniform and at least five years experience in a position of responsibility in a Clothing Factory. This period may be concurrent with that given in (3) above.

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